



THE IUCN RED LIST  
OF THREATENED SPECIES™



## ***Tyto alba* (Common Barn-owl)**

### **European Red List of Birds**

### **Supplementary Material**

The European Union (EU28) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2019-20. For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2021).

#### **Contents**

Reported national population sizes and trends  
Trend maps of reported national population data  
Sources of reported national population data  
Species factsheet bibliography

#### **Recommended citation**

BirdLife International (2021) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union.

#### **Further information**

<http://datazone.birdlife.org/info/euroredlist>  
<http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>  
<http://www.iucnredlist.org/regions/europe>  
<http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

#### **Data requests and feedback**

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email [science@birdlife.org](mailto:science@birdlife.org).

*Tyto alba* (Common Barn-owl)

**Table 1.** Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe<sup>1</sup>.

Country (or territory) <sup>2</sup>	Population estimate				Short-term population trend <sup>5</sup>				Long-term population trend <sup>5</sup>				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) <sup>3</sup>	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Method <sup>4</sup>	Direction <sup>6</sup>	Magnitude (%) <sup>7</sup>	Year(s)	Method <sup>4</sup>	Direction <sup>6</sup>	Magnitude (%) <sup>7</sup>	Year(s)	Method <sup>4</sup>	
Albania	180–400	<1	2007-2018	partial	-	-43 to -28	2007-2018	partial	-	-50 to -40	1980-2018	expert	
Andorra	0–1	<1	2014-2017	deficient	?		2011-2018	deficient	?				
Austria	30–60	<1	2013-2018	partial	-	-50 to -20	2007-2018	partial	-	-30 to -10	1981-2018	partial	
Azerbaijan	50–500	<1	1996-2019	expert	?		2013-2019	expert	?		1980-2019	expert	
Belarus	15–50	<1	2010-2018	partial	0	-10 to 10	2012-2019	expert	+	250 to 750	1980-2019	expert	
Belgium	1300–2100	1	2013-2018	partial	?	-37 to 2	2008-2018	expert	+	30 to 110	1973-2018	partial	
Bosnia & HG	300–700	<1	2015-2018	complete	?	-10 to 10	2007-2018	complete	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Bulgaria	600–1000	<1	2013-2018	partial	0	0 to 10	2000-2018	partial	0	0 to 10	1980-2018	expert	
Croatia	1500–2500	2	2010-2010	complete	?		2007-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Cyprus	250–750	<1	2013-2018	expert	0	0	2007-2018	expert	+	10 to 40	1980-2018	expert	
Czechia	150–240	<1	2014-2017	complete	-		2007-2018	expert	-		1980-2018	expert	
Denmark	300	<1	2017	complete	0	-96 to 234	2006-2017	complete	+	39 to 2302	1980-2017	complete	
France	10000–35000	16	2009-2012	partial	F	-50 to 100	2007-2017	expert	?		1980-2017	deficient	
Georgia	35–350	<1	2013-2017	partial	?			deficient	?				
Germany	14500–26000	16	2016-2016	expert	-		2004-2016	expert	+	41 to 180	1980-2016	expert	
Gibraltar	0	<1	2014-2018		?				?				
Greece	3000–6000	4	2015	partial	0		2007-2018	partial	0		1980-2018	partial	
Hungary	340–860	<1	2013-2018	partial	-	-10 to -5	2007-2018	expert	-	-15 to -5	1998-2018	expert	
Rep. Ireland	560–710	<1	2008-2011	partial	?		1995-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Italy	6000–13000	7	2013-2018	expert	?		2007-2018	deficient	+	0 to 8	1993-2018	expert	
Kosovo	200–300	<1	2007-2019	partial	-		2007-2018	partial	-		1990-2018	partial	
Lithuania	5–20	<1	2013-2018	partial	F		2013-2018	expert	F		1980-2018	expert	
Luxembourg	100–150	<1	2013-2018	partial	-	-30 to -10	2007-2018	expert	F		1980-2018	expert	
North Macedonia	300–1000	<1	2014-2019	expert	0		2007-2018	expert	?		1980-2019		
Malta	0	<1	2017-2018	complete	?		2008-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Moldova	1–2	<1	2014-2017	deficient	?		2007-2018	deficient	?		1990-2018	expert	
Montenegro	100–200	<1	2002-2012	expert	0		2007-2018	expert	?				
Netherlands	1200–3600	2	2013-2017	complete	+	19 to 31	2006-2017	complete	+	1934 to 2164	1980-2017	complete	
Poland	1000–1500	1	2013-2018	expert	?		2007-2018	deficient	-	-60 to 0	1980-2018	expert	
Portugal	5000–10000	6	2013-2018	partial	-		2009-2017	partial	?		1980-2018	deficient	
PT: Madeira	500–1000	<1	2013-2018	partial	F		2008-2018	partial	0		1980-2018	expert	
Romania	500–1500	<1	2013-2018	expert	?		2007-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	

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**Table 1.** Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe<sup>1</sup>.

Country (or territory) <sup>2</sup>	Population estimate				Short-term population trend <sup>5</sup>				Long-term population trend <sup>5</sup>				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) <sup>3</sup>	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Method <sup>4</sup>	Direction <sup>6</sup>	Magnitude (%) <sup>7</sup>	Year(s)	Method <sup>4</sup>	Direction <sup>6</sup>	Magnitude (%) <sup>7</sup>	Year(s)	Method <sup>4</sup>	
Russia	50–110	<1	2008-2018	partial	+	0	2008-2018	partial	+	1	1980-2018	partial	
Serbia	3600–5400	4	2013-2018	partial	-	-29 to -10	2007-2018	complete	-	-29 to -10	1980-2018	complete	
Slovakia	100–300	<1	2013-2018	partial	-	-40 to -20	2007-2018	partial	-	-80 to -50	1980-2018	partial	
Slovenia	80–130	<1	2002-2017	partial	?		2002-2017	deficient	0		1980-2017	expert	
Spain	25000–45000	28	1998-2002	partial	-		2007-2018	partial	-		1980-2018	partial	
ES: Canary Is	400–500	<1	1997-2018	partial	?		2007-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Sweden	0–10	<1	2013-2018	partial	-	-75 to -25	2007-2018	expert	+	50 to 200	1980-2018	expert	
Switzerland	200–1000	<1	2013–2016	partial	0	-11 to 36	2007-2018	complete	-	-25 to -13	1990-2018	complete	
Turkey	800–1200	<1	2002-2012	partial	?		2008-2019	deficient	?		1980-2013	deficient	
Ukraine	35–50	<1	2014-2019	complete	?		2007-2019	deficient	?		1980-2019	deficient	
United Kingdom	4000–14300	6	1995-2016	partial	0		2004-2016	complete	?	-41 to 111	1970-2016	partial	
EU28	76400–167000	93											
<b>Europe</b>	<b>82300–178000</b>	<b>100</b>											

<sup>1</sup> See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

<sup>2</sup> The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

<sup>3</sup> In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

<sup>4</sup> The 'method used' (replacing the data 'quality' assessment in the 2015 European Red List) is reported as: a) Complete: complete survey or a statistically robust estimate; b) Partial: based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data; c) Expert: based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data; d) Defficient: insufficient or no data available.

<sup>5</sup> The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

<sup>6</sup> Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

<sup>7</sup> Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

## Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

### KEY

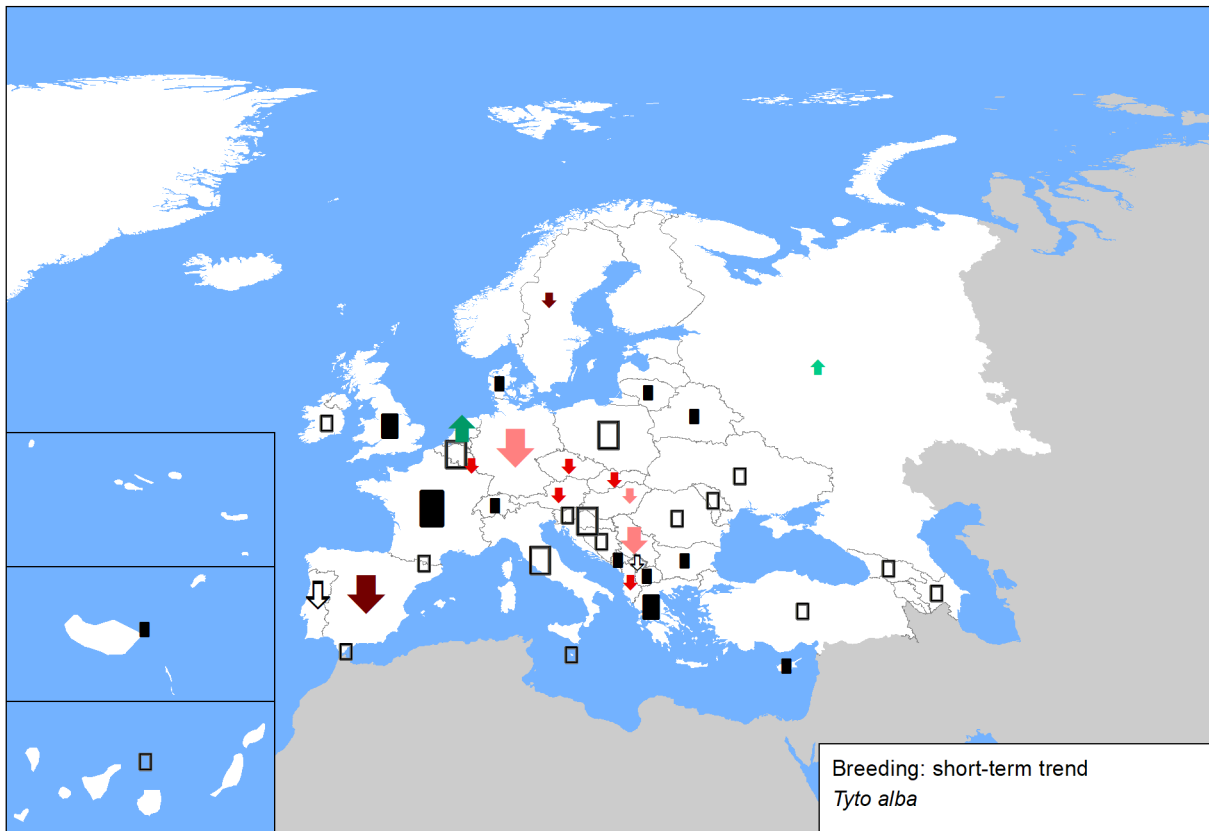
- |   |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| ↑ Large increase (≥50%)                 | ↓ Large decrease (≥50%)         |
| ↑ Moderate increase (20–49%)            | ↓ Moderate decrease (20–49%)    |
| ↑ Small increase (<20%)                 | ↓ Small decrease (<20%)         |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude         | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |
| ■ Stable or fluctuating                 |                                 |
| □ Unknown                               |                                 |
| ○ Present (no population or trend data) |                                 |
| × Extinct since 1980                    |                                 |

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

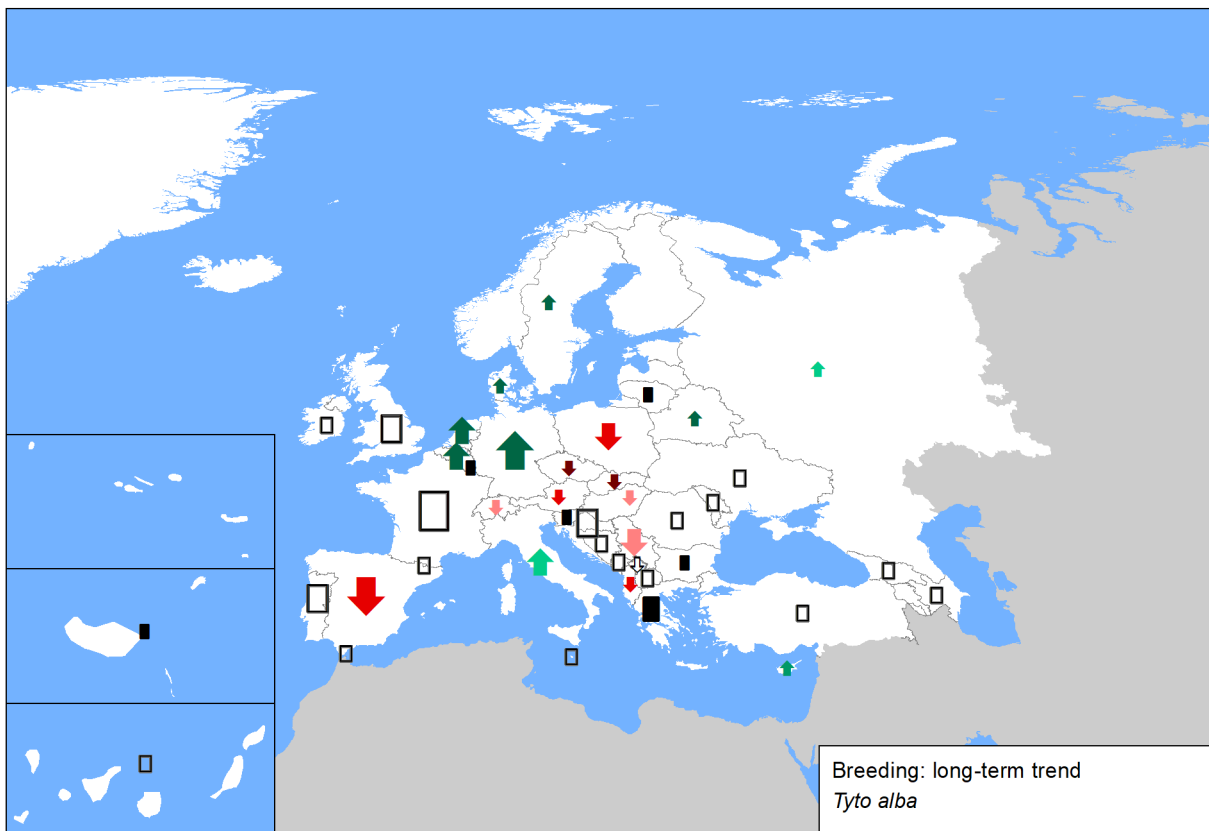
- ↑ Large: ≥10% of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: <1% of the European population

The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

**Figure 1.** Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.



**Figure 2.** Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



## Tyto alba (Common Barn-owl)

### Sources

#### Albania

<b>Breeding population size:</b> Bino & Xeka pers. obs.
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Bino & Xeka pers. obs.
<b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Bino pers. obs.

#### Andorra

<b>Breeding population size:</b> Government survey
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Common Bird Monitoring Scheme of Andorra (SOCA)

#### Austria

<b>Breeding population size:</b> BirdLife Austria, unpublished data from <a href="http://www.ornitho.at">www.ornitho.at</a>
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> BirdLife Austria, unpublished data from <a href="http://www.ornitho.at">www.ornitho.at</a> ; BirdLife Austria, unpublished archive data
<b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Dvorak, Ranner & Berg 1993 (Atlas of Austrian Breeding Birds)

#### Azerbaijan

<b>Breeding population size:</b> BirdLife International 2004
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> AOS data base
<b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> AOS Data Base

#### Belarus

<b>Breeding population size:</b> Research work of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Belarus "Dynamics and predictive assessment of changes in the state of populations of the main resource and biocenotically most important bird species in Belarus"
<b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Nikiforov M.E., Kozulin A.V., eds. Belarussian birds at the beginning of XXI century: status, numbers, distribution. - 1997. - Minsk. - 187 p.

#### Belgium

<b>Breeding population size:</b> Vermeersch G. et al. (2018, in press). Broedvogels in Vlaanderen in de periode 2013-2018. Rapporten van het Instituut voor Natuur- en Bosonderzoek (INBO), Brussel. / Paquet, J-Y., Anselin, A., Vermeersch, G., Derouaux, A., Devos, K. (2019, in prep.). Contribution of Belgium to EBCC European Breeding Bird Atlas 2. Internal Report.
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Vermeersch G. et al. (2018, in press). Broedvogels in Vlaanderen in de periode 2013-2018. Rapporten van het Instituut voor Natuur- en Bosonderzoek (INBO), Brussel. / Paquet, J-Y., Anselin, A., Vermeersch, G., Derouaux, A., Devos, K. (2019, in prep.). Contribution of Belgium to EBCC European Breeding Bird Atlas 2. Internal Report.
<b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Vermeersch G. et al. (2018, in press). Broedvogels in Vlaanderen in de periode 2013-2018. Rapporten van het Instituut voor Natuur- en Bosonderzoek (INBO), Brussel. / Paquet, J-Y., Anselin, A., Vermeersch, G., Derouaux, A., Devos, K. (2019, in prep.). Contribution of Belgium to EBCC European Breeding Bird Atlas 2. Internal Report.

#### Bosnia and Herzegovina

<b>Breeding population size:</b> Based on data for EBBA2
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> more individual articles e.g published in magazine Bilten mreže posmatrača ptica u Bosni i Hercegovini-see <a href="https://ptice.ba/bs/category/bilteni_/">https://ptice.ba/bs/category/bilteni_/</a> , individual reports (e.g. for EBBA2, projects etc)

#### Bulgaria

<b>Breeding population size:</b> Iankov, P. (ed.) 2007 Atlas of Breeding Birds in Bulgaria. Bulgarian Society for the Protection of Birds, Conservation Series, Book 10, Sofia, BSPB, 679 p. (In Bulgarian and English); National Art. 12 reporting database 2013-2018; Milchev B. & Gruychev G. (2014). Breeding distribution and nest site diversity of Barn Owl ( <i>Tyto alba</i> ) in the context of restoration of agricultural sector in Central South Bulgaria. – <i>Ornis Hungarica</i> 22(1): 69–75. Golemansky V.(ed.) (2011) Red data Book of Bulgaria.vol.2 Animals. BAS, MOEW, Sofia. BSPB database
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Iankov, P. (ed.) 2007 Atlas of Breeding Birds in Bulgaria. Bulgarian Society for the Protection of Birds, Conservation Series, Book 10, Sofia, BSPB, 679 p. (In Bulgarian and English); National Art. 12 reporting database 2013-2018; Golemansky V.(ed.) (2011) Red data Book of Bulgaria.vol.2 Animals. BAS, MOEW, Sofia. BSPB database
<b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Iankov, P. (ed.) 2007 Atlas of Breeding Birds in Bulgaria. Bulgarian Society for the Protection of Birds, Conservation Series, Book 10, Sofia, BSPB, 679 p. (In Bulgarian and English) Golemansky V.(ed.) (2011) Red data Book of Bulgaria.vol.2 Animals. BAS, MOEW, Sofia. BSPB database Red Data Book of Bulgaria (1985) BAS, Sofia Simeonov S., T.Michev,D.Nankinov (1990) Fauna of Bulgaria.vol.20 Aves,part 1.BAS,Sofia

#### Croatia

<b>Breeding population size:</b> Kralj i sur. (2013): Atlas selidbe ptica Hrvatske. ZZO HAZU, Zagreb.
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> no data available
<b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> no data available

#### Cyprus

<b>Breeding population size:</b> Expert opinion (Game & Fauna Service)
<b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Very limited data. Expert opinion (Game & Fauna Service)
<b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Analysis of BirdLife Cyprus bird sightings records reported in the society's annual reports; Whaley DJ & Dawes JC, 2003 Cyprus breeding Birds' Atlas; Flint & Stewart BOU Checklist no.6 (1992) The Birds of Cyprus

## Tyto alba (Common Barn-owl)

### Czechia

**Breeding population size:** Šťastný et Bejček in prep. - Atlas hnízdního rozšíření ptáků ČR 2014-2017 Národní strategie ochrany dravců a sov ČR. Praha 2017 (manuscript)

**Breeding short-term trend:** Národní strategie ochrany dravců a sov ČR. Praha 2017 (manuscript)

**Breeding long-term trend:** Národní strategie ochrany dravců a sov ČR. Praha 2017 (manuscript)

### Denmark

**Breeding population size:** www.dofbasen.dk & Nyegaard, T. et al., Truede og sjældne ynglefugle i Danmark 1998-2012, Dansk Ornitologisk Forenings Tidsskrift 108, nr 1, 2014 & Atlas III 2014-2017 (www.dofbasen.dk/atlas) & DOF BirdLifeDK Fugleåret 2006-2017 & Expert assesment

**Breeding short-term trend:** www.dofbasen.dk & Nyegaard, T. et al., Truede og sjældne ynglefugle i Danmark 1998-2012, Dansk Ornitologisk Forenings Tidsskrift 108, nr 1, 2014 & Atlas III 2014-2017 (www.dofbasen.dk/atlas) & DOF BirdLifeDK Fugleåret 2006-2017

**Breeding long-term trend:** www.dofbasen.dk & Nyegaard, T. et al., Truede og sjældne ynglefugle i Danmark 1998-2012, Dansk Ornitologisk Forenings Tidsskrift 108, nr 1, 2014 & Atlas III 2014-2017 (www.dofbasen.dk/atlas) & DOF BirdLifeDK Fugleåret 2006-2017

### France

**Breeding population size:** Issa N. & Muller Y. 2015. Atlas des oiseaux nicheurs de France métropolitaine. , LPO/SEOF/MNHN/Delachaux et Niestlé, Paris

### Georgia

**Breeding population size:** EBBA Georgia, prepared by Sabuko-Society for nature conservation, Iliia state university, NGO "psovi".

### Germany

**Breeding population size:** Gerlach et al. (in Vorb.): Vögel in Deutschland – 2019. Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten, Bundesamt für Naturschutz und Länderarbeitsgemeinschaft der Vogelschutzwarten, Münster.

**Breeding short-term trend:** Gerlach et al. (in Vorb.): Vögel in Deutschland – 2019. Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten, Bundesamt für Naturschutz und Länderarbeitsgemeinschaft der Vogelschutzwarten, Münster.

**Breeding long-term trend:** Gerlach et al. (in Vorb.): Vögel in Deutschland – 2019. Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten, Bundesamt für Naturschutz und Länderarbeitsgemeinschaft der Vogelschutzwarten, Münster.

### Gibraltar

**Breeding population size:** Bensusan, K.J. & Perez, C.E. (2003). A Conservation Action Plan for MOD sites in Gibraltar: Gibraltar Ornithological & Natural History Society. GONHS. Cortes, J. E. (1978). Conservation – A Future? Semi - natural Nature Reserve, Gibraltar: A Management Plan. Gibraltar Ornithological and Natural History Society. GONHS. Cortes, J.E., (1996). Windmill Hill Flats: a good view of migration across the Straits of Gibraltar. Almoraima 15:163-184. Cortes, J.E., Finlayson J.C., Garcia, E.F.J., Mosquera, M.A.J., (1980). The Birds of Gibraltar. Gibraltar Books. Gibraltar. Environmental Action & Management Plan (2012). Government of Gibraltar. Gibraltar Bird Reports (2006 - 2012). Gibraltar Ornithological & Natural History Society Gibraltar Nature News (2006 – 2012). Bi-annual Publication. Gibraltar Ornithological & Natural History Society. Nature Protection Act 1991 (2013). Perez, C.E. (2013). Report on the Conservation of Terrestrial Flora & Fauna in Gibraltar (2012). Wildlife (Gibraltar) Ltd Perez, C.E. & Bensusan, K. J. (2005). Upper Rock Nature Reserve A Management and Action. Plan. Gibraltar: The Gibraltar Ornithological & Natural History Society (GONHS). Perez, C.E. (2006). Biodiversity Action Plan, Gibraltar: Planning for Nature. Gibraltar: Gibraltar Ornithological & Natural History Society (GONHS). Southern Waters of Gibraltar Management Scheme EU Natura 2000 Site (2012).

### Greece

**Breeding population size:** 1) BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: Population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12). 2) Δημαλέξης, Τ., Καστριτης, Θ., Γρίβας, Κ., Μανωλόπουλος, Α., Καρδακάρη, Ν., Κακαλής, Λ., Ξηρουχάκης, Σ., Τσαϊτουρίδης, Χ., Παπαζογλου, C. & Baron, B. 2009. Προσδιορισμός συμβατών δραστηριοτήτων σε σχέση με τα είδη χαρακτηρισμού των Ζωνών Ειδικής Προστασίας της ορνιθοπανίδας. Παραδοτέο 8. Οδηγός οικολογικών απαιτήσεων, απειλών και ενδεδειγμένων μέτρων για τα είδη χαρακτηρισμού.

**Breeding short-term trend:** 1) BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: Population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12). 2) Δημαλέξης, Τ., Καστριτης, Θ., Γρίβας, Κ., Μανωλόπουλος, Α., Καρδακάρη, Ν., Κακαλής, Λ., Ξηρουχάκης, Σ., Τσαϊτουρίδης, Χ., Παπαζογλου, C. & Baron, B. 2009. Προσδιορισμός συμβατών δραστηριοτήτων σε σχέση με τα είδη χαρακτηρισμού των Ζωνών Ειδικής Προστασίας της ορνιθοπανίδας. Παραδοτέο 8. Οδηγός οικολογικών απαιτήσεων, απειλών και ενδεδειγμένων μέτρων για τα είδη χαρακτηρισμού.

**Breeding long-term trend:** 1) Handrinos, G., & Akriotis, T., (1997) The birds of Greece. C. Helm, A & C Black, London. 2) BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: Population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12). 3) Δημαλέξης, Τ., Καστριτης, Θ., Γρίβας, Κ., Μανωλόπουλος, Α., Καρδακάρη, Ν., Κακαλής, Λ., Ξηρουχάκης, Σ., Τσαϊτουρίδης, Χ., Παπαζογλου, C. & Baron, B. 2009. Προσδιορισμός συμβατών δραστηριοτήτων σε σχέση με τα είδη χαρακτηρισμού των Ζωνών Ειδικής Προστασίας της ορνιθοπανίδας. Παραδοτέο 8. Οδηγός οικολογικών απαιτήσεων, απειλών και ενδεδειγμένων μέτρων για τα είδη χαρακτηρισμού.

### Hungary

**Breeding population size:** Demeter Iván, Horváth Márton & Prommer Mátýás (2019): Az MME Ragadozómadár-védelmi Szakosztálya (RMvSz) által monitorozott fajok 2017-es költési eredményeinek összefoglalása. Summary of population monitoring programmes run by MME/BirdLife Hungary's Raptor Conservation Department (RCD) in 2017. Heliaca 15: 75. Dr. Klein Ákos, László Csaba (szerk, 2019): Gyöngybagollyal kapcsolatos országos célkitűzések, ötéves terv (2017-2022) előrehaladási beszámoló Mátics, Róbert & Gyula, Hoffmann & Farkas, Sandor & Dawson, Deborah & Frantz, Alain & Varga, Dániel & Mátics, Erika & Klein, Ákos (2017): Demographic decline and detection of genetic bottleneck in a population of Barn Owl Tyto alba in Hungary. Journal of Ornithology. 158. 10.1007/s10336-017-1433-z. Hámosi Dániel, Csörgő Tibor (szerk, 2017): Magyarországon előforduló bagolyfajok határozása és gyakorlati természetvédelme, Herman Ottó Intézet, 46. o. Consultation with national experts. National park directorates' databases <http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2>

**Breeding short-term trend:** Dr. Klein Ákos, László Csaba (szerk, 2019): Gyöngybagollyal kapcsolatos országos célkitűzések, ötéves terv (2017-2022) előrehaladási beszámoló Mátics, Róbert & Gyula, Hoffmann & Farkas, Sandor & Dawson, Deborah & Frantz, Alain & Varga, Dániel & Mátics, Erika & Klein, Ákos (2017): Demographic decline and detection of genetic bottleneck in a population of Barn Owl Tyto alba in Hungary. Journal of Ornithology. 158. 10.1007/s10336-017-1433-z. Hámosi Dániel, Csörgő Tibor (szerk, 2017): Magyarországon előforduló bagolyfajok határozása és gyakorlati természetvédelme, Herman Ottó Intézet, 46. o. Consultation with national experts. National park directorates' databases <http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2>

## Tyto alba (Common Barn-owl)

### Hungary

**Breeding long-term trend:** Dr. Klein Ákos, László Csaba (szerk, 2019): Gyöngybagollyal kapcsolatos országos célkitűzések, ötéves terv (2017-2022) előrehaladási beszámoló Mátics, Róbert & Gyula, Hoffmann & Farkas, Sandor & Dawson, Deborah & Frantz, Alain & Varga, Dániel & Mátics, Erika & Klein, Ákos (2017): Demographic decline and detection of genetic bottleneck in a population of Barn Owl *Tyto alba* in Hungary. *Journal of Ornithology*. 158. 10.1007/s10336-017-1433-z. Hámori Dániel, Csörgő Tibor (szerk, 2017): Magyarországon előforduló bagolyfajok határozása és gyakorlati természetvédelme, Herman Ottó Intézet, 46. o. Consultation with national experts. National park directorates' databases <http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2>

### Republic of Ireland

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**Breeding short-term trend:** No recent data available

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### Kosovo

**Breeding population size:** Qenan Maxhuni

**Breeding short-term trend:** Qenan Maxhuni

**Breeding long-term trend:** Puzovic, S. et al. (2004): Birds of Serbia and Montenegro – Size of nesting populations. I trends: 1990-2002. Ciconia 12

### Lithuania

**Breeding population size:** Expert working group of the Lithuanian Ornithological Society ([lod@birdlife.lt](mailto:lod@birdlife.lt)) 2015-2018. Lietuvos perinčių paukščių atlaso duomenų bazė (Lithuanian Breeding Birds Atlas Database). Vilnius. Ministry of Environment of the Republic of Lithuania. 2012. Status and trends of bird populations (Article 12, Birds Directive 2009/147/EC) National Summary 2008-2012 Lithuania. Ministry of Environment of the Republic of Lithuania. 2016-2018. Leidinio "Lietuvos raudonoji knyga" parengimo paslaugos (Red data book of Lithuania). (Agreement No VPS-2016-104-ES) Expert working group of the Lithuanian Ornithological Society ([lod@birdlife.lt](mailto:lod@birdlife.lt)) Jusys, V., Karalius, S., Raudonikis, L. 2017. New and rare birds for Lithuania. Vilnius: „Lithuanian Ornithological Society“.

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**Breeding short-term trend:** Ornitho.lu (2018): online database natur&émwelt asbl & Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten (DDA) e.V.; Luxembourg Recorder (2018): database Musée national d'histoire naturelle; Luxembourg Lorgé P., E. Melchior (2016): Die Vögel Luxemburgs. Natur&émwelt Luxembourg. ISBN: 978-2-919920-01-3; LUXOR (2018): natur&émwelt – Bird-database, Luxembourg

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### North Macedonia

**Breeding population size:** unpublished data from the European Breeding Bird Atlas 2

**Breeding short-term trend:** unpublished data from the European Breeding Bird Atlas 2

### Malta

**Breeding population size:** Malta Breeding Bird Atlas (2018) in preparation, (included a complete breeding bird population census in Malta together with a wintering bird census in 2017-2018)

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**Breeding population size:** Moldova's contribution for the second European Breeding Bird Atlas (EBBA2)

**Breeding short-term trend:** SPPN expert opinion (sppn.moldova@gmail.com)

**Breeding long-term trend:** SPPN expert opinion (sppn.moldova@gmail.com)

### Montenegro

**Breeding population size:** Puzovic, S., Simic, D., Saveljić, D., Gergelj, J., Tucakov, M., Stojnic, N., Hulo, I., Ham, I., Vizi, O., Sciban, M., Ruzic, M., Vucanovic, M., Jovanovic, T. (2004): Birds of Serbia and Montenegro – Size of nesting populations. I trends: 1990-2002. Ciconia 12,

### Netherlands

**Breeding population size:** Sovon NEM (Sovon, CBS and provinces) and Bird atlas (Sovon 2018)

**Breeding short-term trend:** NEM (Sovon, RWS, CBS, provinces)

**Breeding long-term trend:** Sovon

### Poland

**Breeding population size:** Chodkiewicz T., Kuczyński L., Sikora A., Chylarecki P., Neubauer G., Ławicki L., Stawarczyk T. 2015. Ocena liczebności populacji ptaków lęgowych w Polsce w latach 2008–2012. Ornis Polonica 56: 149-189

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**Breeding long-term trend:** Tucker G.M., Heath M.F. 1994. Birds in Europe: their conservation status. BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK.; BirdLife International 2004. Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. BirdLife International, Cambridge, UK;

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**Breeding population size:** eBird (2019). eBird: An online database of bird distribution and abundance [web application]. eBird, Ithaca, New York. Available: <http://www.ebird.org/portugal/home>. (Accessed: October 22, 2018).

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**Breeding population size:** Equipa Atlas, 2013 - [http://www.atlasdasaves.netmadeira.com/index.php?option=com\\_content&view=article&id=147&Itemid=66&lang=pt](http://www.atlasdasaves.netmadeira.com/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=147&Itemid=66&lang=pt) 1º Atlas das Aves Invernantes e Migradoras de Portugal [https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1MJWLVHRhU9A8IgbvY2DhPiFm\\_Tp1hD25](https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1MJWLVHRhU9A8IgbvY2DhPiFm_Tp1hD25)

**Breeding short-term trend:** Equipa Atlas, 2013 - [http://www.atlasdasaves.netmadeira.com/index.php?option=com\\_content&view=article&id=147&Itemid=66&lang=pt](http://www.atlasdasaves.netmadeira.com/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=147&Itemid=66&lang=pt) Sepúlveda & Ferreira (dados não publicados)

**Breeding long-term trend:** Oliveira, P. & Menezes, D. 2004. Aves do Arquipélago da Madeira. Serviço do Parque Natural da Madeira

### Romania

**Breeding population size:** Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database, Rombird (Romanian Rarity Commission) Database

**Breeding short-term trend:** Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database, Rombird (Romanian Rarity Commission) Database

**Breeding long-term trend:** Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database, Rombird (Romanian Rarity Commission) Database

### Russia

**Breeding population size:** Gozhko & Lokhman in press; Tilba 2017

**Breeding short-term trend:** Tilba 2017; Belik 2019

**Breeding long-term trend:** Khohlov et al. 2010; Belik et al. 2003; Tilba 2017; Belik 2019

### Serbia

**Breeding population size:** EBBA2 project; Puzović, S., Radišić, D., Ružić, M., Rajković, D., Radaković, M., Pantović, U., Janković, M., Stojnić, N., Šćiban, M., Tucakov, M., Gergelj, J., Sekulić, G., Agošton, A. & Raković, M. 2015. Birds of Serbia: Breeding Population Estimates and Trends for the Period 2008-2013. Bird protection and study society of Serbia, and Department of Biology and Ecology, Faculty of Sciences, University of Novi Sad, Novi Sad.

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**Breeding short-term trend:** Coordinatory group for reporting 2019, AVES-Symfony Database 2013-2018, KIMS Database 2013-2018. Danko Štefan, Darolová Alžbeta, Krištín Anton: Rozšírenie vtákov na Slovensku. VEDA, vyd. SAV Bratislava, 2002.

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### Spain

**Breeding population size:** Martí, R. & del Moral, J.C. (Eds.) (2003). Atlas de las Aves Reproductoras de España. Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza-Sociedad Española de Ornitología. Madrid, 733 pp. ([https://www.miteco.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/inventario-especies-terrestres/inventario-nacional-de-biodiversidad/ieet\\_aves\\_atlas.aspx](https://www.miteco.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/inventario-especies-terrestres/inventario-nacional-de-biodiversidad/ieet_aves_atlas.aspx))

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**Breeding short-term trend:** Lorenzo, J.A. (2007) (Ed). Atlas de las Aves Nidificantes en el Archipiélago Canario (1997-2003). Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza-Sociedad Española de Ornitología. Madrid. 520 pp. Siverio, M. (2011). Seguimiento de Poblaciones de Especies Amenazadas (2011). *Tyto alba gracilirostris* (Hartert, 1905). Lanzarote y Fuerteventura. Gesplan, S.A.U.-Viceconsejería de Medio Ambiente del Gobierno de Canarias. Santa Cruz de Tenerife. Informe inédito. Siverio, F., Siverio, M. & Barone, R. (2016). Actualización de la información sobre las poblaciones de lechuza común *Tyto alba gracilirostris* en las islas e islotes orientales del archipiélago canario. Dirección General de Protección de la Naturaleza, Gobierno de Canarias. Informe inédito.

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**Breeding short-term trend:** Species observation system, [www.artportalen.se](http://www.artportalen.se)

**Breeding long-term trend:** No relevant data available

### Switzerland

**Breeding population size:** Knaus, P., S. Antoniazza, S. Wechsler, J. Guélat, M. Kéry, N. Strelbel & T. Sattler (2018): Swiss Breeding Bird Atlas 2013–2016. Distribution and population trends of birds in Switzerland and Liechtenstein. Swiss Ornithological Institute, Sempach.

**Breeding short-term trend:** <https://www.vogelwarte.ch/en/projects/population-trends/breeding-population-indices/>

**Breeding long-term trend:** <https://www.vogelwarte.ch/en/projects/population-trends/breeding-population-indices/>

### Turkey

**Breeding population size:** Güven Eken personal communication (2019), Eken G., Bozdoğan M., İsfendiyaroğlu S., Kılıç D.T., Lise Y. (2006) Türkiye'nin Önemli Doğa Alanları. Doğa Derneği, Ankara. Birdlife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status, Cambridge UK: Birdlife International (Birdlife Conservation series no: 12) Kusbank Bird Database (Ebird) Kirwan G.M., Boyla K. A., Castell P., Demirci B., Özen M., Welch H., Marlow T., 2008, Birds of Turkey. Londra, Christopher Helm, 978-1-4081-0475-, Kılıç DT, Eken G. 2004. Türkiye'nin önemli kus alanları—2004 güncellemesi (Important bird areas in Turkey—2004 update). Ankara: Doga Derneği.

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**Breeding population size:** Kuzmenko, pers.

### United Kingdom

**Breeding population size:** Baseline = Toms, M.P., Crick, H.Q.P. & Shawyer, C.R. 2001. The status of breeding Barn Owls *Tyto alba* in the United Kingdom 1995-97. *Bird Study* 48: 23-37. Adjusted by BBS monitoring trend from 1995-2016. However, BBS there is significant uncertainty from BBS monitoring of this species, so the true population size lies between 4,000 - 14,218, probably c.9,000.

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