



THE IUCN RED LIST
OF THREATENED SPECIES™



***Locustella naevia* (Common Grasshopper-warbler)**

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU28) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2019-20. For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2021).

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Species factsheet bibliography

Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2021) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union.

Further information

<http://datazone.birdlife.org/info/euroredlist>
<http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>
<http://www.iucnredlist.org/regions/europe>
<http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Locustella naevia (Common Grasshopper-warbler)

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe¹.

Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁵				Long-term population trend ⁵				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Method ⁴	Direction ⁶	Magnitude (%) ⁷	Year(s)	Method ⁴	Direction ⁶	Magnitude (%) ⁷	Year(s)	Method ⁴	
Armenia	1300–1800	<1	2013-2018	complete	-	-10 to -5	2007-2018	complete	?		2003-2018	deficient	
Austria	1800–2800	<1	2013-2018	partial	-		2007-2018	complete	?		1981-2018	deficient	
Azerbaijan	1000–10000	<1	1996-2019	expert	?		2013-2019	expert	?		1980-2019	expert	
Belarus	11000–14000	2	2010-2018	partial	-	-20 to 0	2012-2019	expert	-	-20 to 0	1980-2019	expert	
Belgium	1300–2000	<1	2013-2018	partial	-	-80 to -60	2008-2018	complete	+	0 to 54	1973-2018	partial	
Bosnia & HG		<1	2015-2018		?		2007-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Croatia	5000–15000	1	2013-2018	expert	?		2007-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Czechia	15000–30000	3	2014-2017	complete	-		2007-2018	complete	-		1982-2018	complete	
Denmark	890–900	<1	2017	partial	0	-57 to 4	2006-2017	complete	-	-61 to -22	1984-2017	complete	
Estonia	50000–70000	7	2013-2017	expert	-	-59 to -55	2007-2018	expert	-	-111 to -92	1983-2018	expert	
Finland	5000–10000	1	2013-2018	complete	0	-75 to 137	2007-2018	complete	?	-94 to 39	1985-2018	complete	
France	20000–40000	3	2013-2018	partial	-		2007-2018	partial	-		2001-2018	partial	
Georgia	2200–22100	<1	2013-2017	partial	?			deficient	?				
Germany	25000–43000	4	2016-2016	complete	-	-53 to -22	2004-2016	complete	-		1980-2016	expert	
Hungary	7800–9200	1	2014-2018	partial	F		2007-2018	expert	F		1980-2018	expert	
Rep. Ireland	13700–66800	3	2011-2016	complete	0	-6 to 28	2006-2016	complete	?		1980-2016	deficient	
Latvia	22900–44600	4	2016-2016	complete	-	-58 to -8	2005-2018	complete	+	21 to 289	1995-2018	complete	
Lithuania	40000–60000	6	2013-2018	partial	-	-10 to -5	2013-2018	partial	0	0	1980-2018	partial	
Luxembourg	400–500	<1	2013-2018	partial	0	0 to 10	2007-2018	partial	-	-20 to -10	1980-2018	partial	
Moldova		<1		deficient	?			deficient	?		1990-2018	deficient	
Netherlands	5100–6200	<1	2013-2015	complete	+	24 to 52	2006-2017	complete	+	243 to 456	1984-2017	complete	
Norway	200–250	<1	2013-2018	complete	?		2013-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	partial	
Poland	84000–133000	13	2013-2018	complete	0	-27 to 8	2007-2018	complete	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Romania	160–1600	<1	2013-2018	expert	?		2007-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Russia	300000–500000	47	2006-2018	partial	+	5 to 20	2006-2018	partial	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Serbia	200–330	<1	2013-2018	partial	0	0	2007-2018	complete	+	10 to 29	1980-2018	complete	
Slovakia	700	<1	2013-2018	partial	-	-40 to -20	2007-2018	partial	-	-60 to -20	1980-2018	partial	
Slovenia	130–250	<1	2018-2018	partial	?		2008-2018	complete	-	-35 to -25	1990-2015	expert	
Spain	5000–10000	<1	1998-2002	complete	0		2007-2018	partial	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Sweden	2700–6600	<1	2013-2018	partial	0	-30 to 55	2007-2018	partial	-	-84 to -55	1980-2018	partial	
Switzerland	150–250	<1	2013–2016	complete	0	-36 to 31	2007-2018	complete	+	5 to 61	1990-2018	complete	
Turkey	50–500	<1	2002-2012	expert	?		2008-2019	deficient	?		1980-2013	deficient	

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Country (or territory) ²	Population estimate				Short-term population trend ⁵				Long-term population trend ⁵				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs) ³	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Method ⁴	Direction ⁶	Magnitude (%) ⁷	Year(s)	Method ⁴	Direction ⁶	Magnitude (%) ⁷	Year(s)	Method ⁴	
Ukraine	4000–6000	<1	2015-2017	partial	F	5 to 15	2007-2019	expert	F	15 to 20	1980-2019	expert	
United Kingdom	11900–12000	1	2016	partial	0		2004-2016	complete	0	-34 to 23	1995-2016	complete	
EU28	318000–566000	50											
Europe	638000–1130000	100											

¹ See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

² The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

³ In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

⁴ The 'method used' (replacing the data 'quality' assessment in the 2015 European Red List) is reported as: a) Complete: complete survey or a statistically robust estimate; b) Partial: based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data; c) Expert: based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data; d) Defficient: insufficient or no data available.

⁵ The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

⁶ Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

⁷ Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| ↑ Large increase (≥50%) | ↓ Large decrease (≥50%) |
| ↑ Moderate increase (20–49%) | ↓ Moderate decrease (20–49%) |
| ↑ Small increase (<20%) | ↓ Small decrease (<20%) |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |
| ■ Stable or fluctuating | |
| □ Unknown | |
| ○ Present (no population or trend data) | |
| × Extinct since 1980 | |

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- ↑ Large: ≥10% of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: <1% of the European population

The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

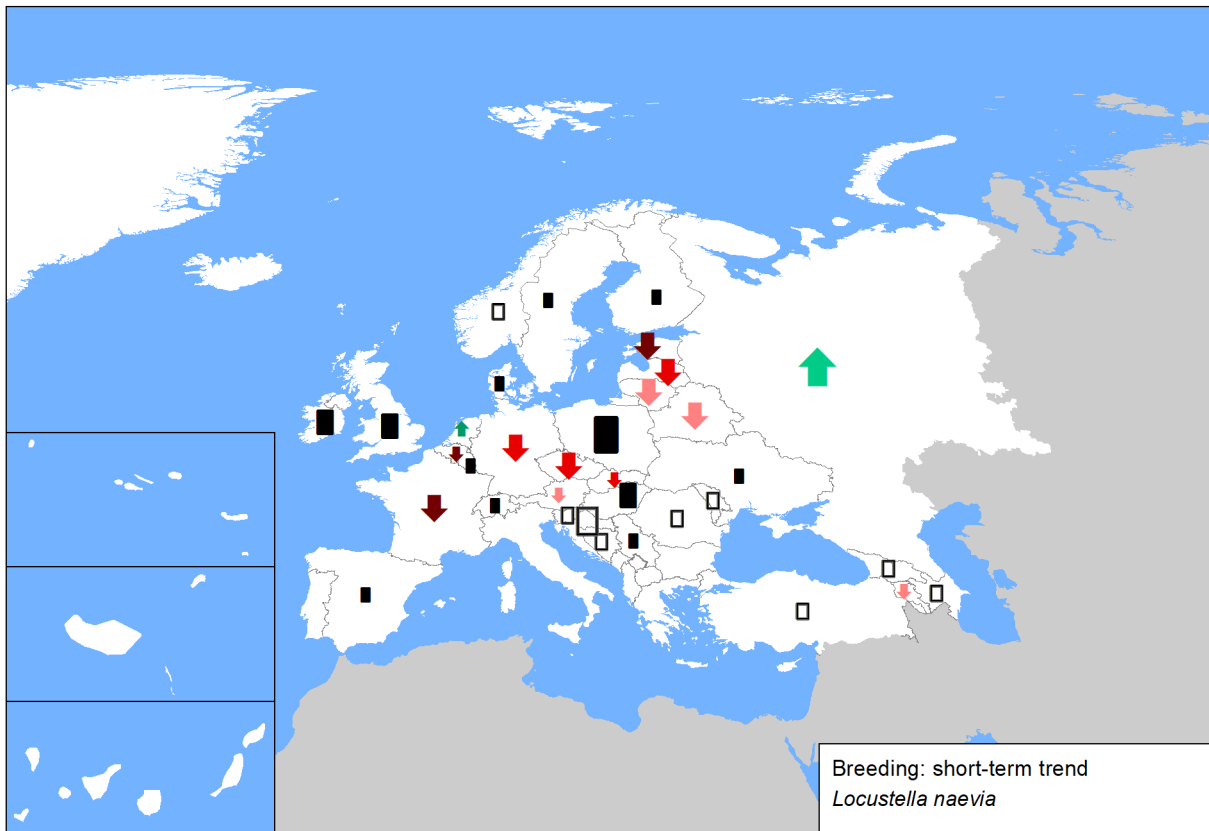
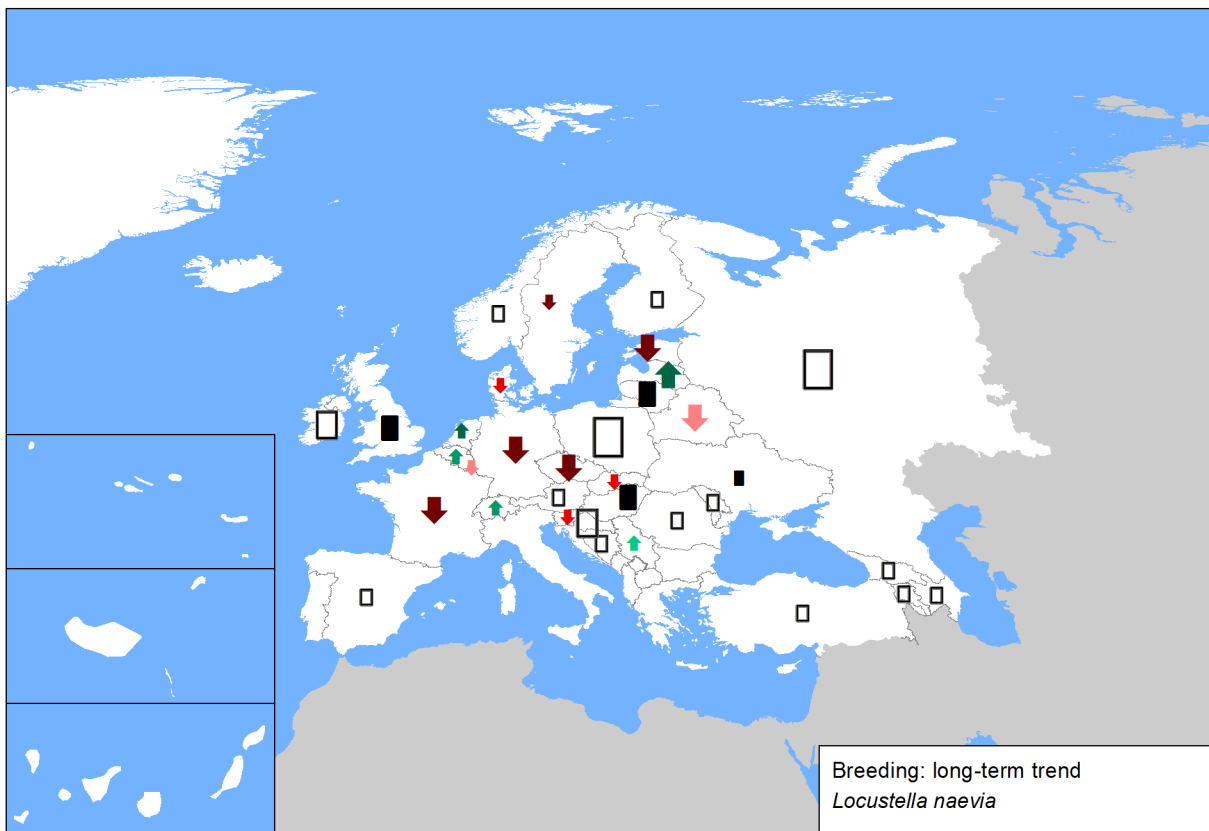


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



Sources

Armenia

Breeding population size: TSE NGO National Bird Monitoring data.
Breeding short-term trend: TSE (2020) The Atlas of the Breeding Birds in Armenia. In preparation.
Breeding long-term trend: TSE (2020) The Atlas of the Breeding Birds in Armenia. In preparation.

Austria

Breeding population size: BirdLife Austria, unpublished data from www.ornitho.at
Breeding short-term trend: BirdLife Austria, results of the Austrian Breeding bird monitoring ("Brutvogelmonitoring")
Breeding long-term trend: BirdLife Austria, unpublished

Azerbaijan

Breeding population size: AOS data base
Breeding short-term trend: AOS data base
Breeding long-term trend: AOS Data Base

Belarus

Breeding population size: Research work of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Belarus "Dynamics and predictive assessment of changes in the state of populations of the main resource and biocenotically most important bird species in Belarus"
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Belgium

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Bosnia and Herzegovina

Breeding short-term trend: just have some personal but not cheked dana

Croatia

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Breeding short-term trend: no data available
Breeding long-term trend: no data available

Czechia

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Breeding short-term trend: ČSO (unpubl.): Common Bird Monitoring Programme
Breeding long-term trend: ČSO (unpubl.): Common Bird Monitoring Programme

Denmark

Breeding population size: Charlotte M. Moshøj, Daniel Palm Eskildsen, Michael Fink Jørgensen & Thomas Vikstrøm, (2018): Overvågning af de almindelige fuglearter i Danmark 1975-2017 & Mandrup, E. 1997, Hvor mange fugle yngler i Danmark, Dansk Ornitologisk Tidsskrift, nr 3, 1997
Breeding short-term trend: Charlotte M. Moshøj, Daniel Palm Eskildsen, Michael Fink Jørgensen & Thomas Vikstrøm, (2018): Overvågning af de almindelige fuglearter i Danmark 1975-2017
Breeding long-term trend: Charlotte M. Moshøj, Daniel Palm Eskildsen, Michael Fink Jørgensen & Thomas Vikstrøm, (2018): Overvågning af de almindelige fuglearter i Danmark 1975-2017

Estonia

Breeding population size: Estonian Working Group on Bird Status and Numbers
Breeding short-term trend: [1] Estonian Working Group on Bird Status and Numbers [2] Point counts of breeding birds. http://seire.keskkonnainfo.ee/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=3417&Itemid=5815
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Finland

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Breeding short-term trend: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki.

Breeding long-term trend: Bird monitoring schemes of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki

France

Breeding population size: Issa N. & Muller Y. 2015. Atlas des oiseaux nicheurs de France métropolitaine. , LPO/SEOF/MNHN/Delachaux et Niestlé, Paris

Breeding short-term trend: . STOC EPS / MNHN.

Georgia

Breeding population size: EBBA Georgia, prepared by Sabuko-Society for nature conservation, Iliia state university, NGO "psovi".

Germany

Breeding population size: Monitoring häufiger Brutvögel (http://www.dda-web.de/index.php?cat=monitoring&subcat=ha_neu&subsubcat=kontakt)

Breeding short-term trend: Monitoring häufiger Brutvögel (http://www.dda-web.de/index.php?cat=monitoring&subcat=ha_neu&subsubcat=kontakt)

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Hungary

Breeding population size: KEHOP-4.3.0-15-2016-00001 project results, unpublished. National park directorates' databases <http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2> National Common Bird Monitoring Database (MMM)

Breeding short-term trend: http://www.termeszetvedelem.hu/_user/browser/File/Natura2000/BD_12_jelentes_2013_anyagai/Locustella_naevia.pdf National park directorates' databases <http://map.mme.hu/maps/map2>

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Republic of Ireland

Breeding population size: Lewis, L. J., Coombes, D., Burke, B., O'Halloran, J., Walsh, A., Tierney, T. D. & Cummins, S. (2019) Countryside Bird Survey: Status and trends of common and widespread breeding birds 1998-2016. Irish Wildlife Manuals (in prep). National Parks and Wildlife Service, Department of Culture, Heritage and the Gaeltacht, Ireland.

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Latvia

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Lithuania

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Luxembourg

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Luxembourg

Breeding short-term trend: Ornitho.lu (2018): online database natur&ëmwelt asbl & Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten (DDA) e.V.; Luxembourg Recorder (2018): database Musée national d'histoire naturelle; Luxembourg Lorgé P., E. Melchior (2016): Die Vögel Luxemburgs. Natur&ëmwelt Luxembourg. ISBN: 978-2-919920-01-3; LUXOR (2018): natur&ëmwelt – Bird-database, Luxembourg

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Moldova

Breeding short-term trend: SPPN expert opinion (sppn.moldova@gmail.com)

Breeding long-term trend: SPPN expert opinion (sppn.moldova@gmail.com)

Netherlands

Breeding population size: Sovon Bird atlas (Sovon 2018)

Breeding short-term trend: NEM (Sovon, RWS, CBS, provinces)

Breeding long-term trend: NEM (Sovon, RWS, CBS, provinces)

Norway

Breeding population size: Shimmings P. & Øien, I.J. 2015. Bestandsestimater og trender for norske hekkefugler. NOF-rapport 2015-2.

Breeding long-term trend: Shimmings, P. & Øien, I.J. 2015. Bestandsestimater for norske hekkefugler. NOF Rapport 2-2015. 268 pp.

Poland

Breeding population size: State Environmental Monitoring / Chief Inspectorate of Environmental Protection (survey: MPPL – Common Bird Survey)

Breeding short-term trend: State Environmental Monitoring / Chief Inspectorate of Environmental Protection (survey: MPPL)

Breeding long-term trend: Chief Inspectorate of Environmental Protection & Polish Society for the Protection of Birds (OTOP) / BirdLife Poland

Romania

Breeding population size: Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database, Rombird (Romanian Rarity Commission) Database

Breeding short-term trend: Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database, Rombird (Romanian Rarity Commission) Database

Breeding long-term trend: Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database, Rombird (Romanian Rarity Commission) Database

Russia

Breeding population size: Voltzit & Kalyakin 2013-2019; Database of the project on Atlas of breeding birds of European Russia

Breeding short-term trend: Mosolova & Tabachishin 2012; Sokolov 2011

Breeding long-term trend: Belik 2003

Serbia

Breeding population size: EBBA2 project; Puzović, S., Radišić, D., Ružić, M., Rajković, D., Radaković, M., Pantović, U., Janković, M., Stojnić, N., Šćiban, M., Tucakov, M., Gergelj, J., Sekulić, G., Agošton, A. & Raković, M. 2015. Birds of Serbia: Breeding Population Estimates and Trends for the Period 2008-2013. Bird protection and study society of Serbia, and Department of Biology and Ecology, Faculty of Sciences, University of Novi Sad, Novi Sad.

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Breeding long-term trend: EBBA2 project; Puzović, S., Radišić, D., Ružić, M., Rajković, D., Radaković, M., Pantović, U., Janković, M., Stojnić, N., Šćiban, M., Tucakov, M., Gergelj, J., Sekulić, G., Agošton, A. & Raković, M. 2015. Birds of Serbia: Breeding Population Estimates and Trends for the Period 2008-2013. Bird protection and study society of Serbia, and Department of Biology and Ecology, Faculty of Sciences, University of Novi Sad, Novi Sad.

Slovakia

Breeding population size: Coordinatory group for reporting 2019. Danko Štefan, Darolová Alžbeta, Krištin Anton: Rozšírenie vtákov na Slovensku. VEDA, vyd. SAV Bratislava, 2002.

Breeding short-term trend: Coordinatory group for reporting 2019, AVES-Symfony Database 2013-2018, KIMS Database 2013-2018. SOS/BS 2013; www.vtaky.sk

Breeding long-term trend: Coordinatory group for reporting 2019, AVES-Symfony Database 2013-2018, KIMS Database 2013-2018. SOS/BS 2013; www.vtaky.sk

Slovenia

Breeding population size: Population size for year 2018 was calculated based on the population estimate in previous reporting under the Birds Directive (DOPPS 2014) for the period 2008-2012, which was 150-300 pairs, and population trend for farmland landscape in Slovenia for the period 2008-2018 from Kmecl & Šumrada (2018), which was uncertain (annual multiplicative trend value 0,967). Population estimate was rounded upwards. DOPPS (2014): Povzetek poročila po 12. členu Direktive o pticah za obdobje 2008-2012. Naročnik: Zavod RS za varstvo narave. DOPPS, Ljubljana. http://ptice.si/2014/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/2016_25_10_porocilo_pd_2008_2012-povzetek.pdf Kmecl P., Šumrada T. (2018): Monitoring splošno razširjenih vrst ptic za določitev slovenskega indeksa ptic kmetijske krajine - končno poročilo za leto 2018. DOPPS, Ljubljana.

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Locustella naevia (Common Grasshopper-warbler)

Slovenia

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