



THE IUCN RED LIST  
OF THREATENED SPECIES™



## ***Acrocephalus scirpaceus* (Common Reed-warbler)**

### **European Red List of Birds**

### **Supplementary Material**

The European Union (EU28) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2019-20. For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2021).

#### **Contents**

Reported national population sizes and trends  
Trend maps of reported national population data  
Sources of reported national population data  
Species factsheet bibliography

#### **Recommended citation**

BirdLife International (2021) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union.

#### **Further information**

<http://datazone.birdlife.org/info/euroredlist>  
<http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0>  
<http://www.iucnredlist.org/regions/europe>  
<http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/>

#### **Data requests and feedback**

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email [science@birdlife.org](mailto:science@birdlife.org).

*Acrocephalus scirpaceus* (Common Reed-warbler)

**Table 1.** Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe<sup>1</sup>.

| Country (or territory) <sup>2</sup> | Population estimate       |            |           |                     | Short-term population trend <sup>5</sup> |                            |           |                     | Long-term population trend <sup>5</sup> |                            |           |                     | Subspecific population (where relevant) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---|
|                                     | Size (pairs) <sup>3</sup> | Europe (%) | Year(s)   | Method <sup>4</sup> | Direction <sup>6</sup>                   | Magnitude (%) <sup>7</sup> | Year(s)   | Method <sup>4</sup> | Direction <sup>6</sup>                  | Magnitude (%) <sup>7</sup> | Year(s)   | Method <sup>4</sup> |   |
| Albania                             | 240–440                   | <1         | 2007-2018 | partial             | ?  | -85 to -76                 | 2007-2018 | partial             | ?                                       | -85 to -76                 | 1980-2018 | expert              |   |
| Armenia                             | 1500–2200                 | <1         | 2013-2018 | complete            | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 |                     | 0                                       |                            | 2003-2018 | partial             |   |
| Austria                             | 48000–65000               | 2          | 2013-2018 | complete            | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 | complete            | -                                       | -100 to -50                | 1981-2018 | expert              |   |
| Azerbaijan                          | 1000–10000                | <1         | 1996-2019 | expert              | ?  |                            | 2013-2019 | expert              | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2019 | expert              |   |
| Belarus                             | 35000–50000               | 2          | 2010-2018 | partial             | +  | 0 to 30                    | 2012-2019 | expert              | 0                                       | 0                          | 1980-2019 | expert              |   |
| Belgium                             | 20800–51100               | 1          | 2013-2018 | expert              | -  | -51 to -2                  | 2008-2018 | complete            | +                                       | 343 to 987                 | 1973-2018 | partial             |   |
| Bosnia & HG                         | 600–1200                  | <1         | 2015-2018 | complete            | -  | -10 to -1                  | 2007-2018 | complete            | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Bulgaria                            | 5000–10000                | <1         | 2005-2018 | partial             | +  | 10 to 20                   | 2001-2018 | expert              | 0                                       | 0 to 10                    | 1980-2018 | expert              |   |
| Croatia                             | 15000–30000               | <1         | 2014-2014 | expert              | ?  |                            | 2007-2018 | deficient           | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Cyprus                              | 100–300                   | <1         | 2013-2018 | partial             | 0  | 0                          | 2007-2018 | partial             | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Czechia                             | 55000–110000              | 3          | 2014-2017 | complete            | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 | complete            | +                                       |                            | 1982-2018 | complete            |   |
| Denmark                             | 34700–34800               | 1          | 2017      | partial             | -  | -31 to -8                  | 2006-2017 | complete            | -                                       | -44 to -29                 | 1980-2017 | complete            |   |
| Estonia                             | 10000–20000               | <1         | 2013-2017 | expert              | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 | expert              | +                                       | 100 to 200                 | 1980-2018 | expert              |   |
| Finland                             | 20000–30000               | 1          | 2013-2018 | partial             | 0  | -37 to 89                  | 2007-2018 | complete            | 0                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | complete            |   |
| France                              | 60000–120000              | 3          | 2013-2018 | partial             | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 | partial             | +                                       |                            | 2001-2018 | partial             |   |
| Georgia                             | 3400–34400                | <1         | 2013-2017 | partial             | ?  |                            |           | deficient           | ?                                       |                            |           |                     |   |
| Germany                             | 115000–190000             | 6          | 2016-2016 | complete            | 0  | -7 to 21                   | 2004-2016 | complete            | +                                       | 41 to 180                  | 1980-2016 | expert              |   |
| Greece                              | 20000–30000               | 1          | 2013-2018 | partial             | ?  |                            | 2007-2018 | deficient           | 0                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | partial             |   |
| Hungary                             | 91000–122000              | 4          | 2014-2018 | complete            | ?  |                            | 2007-2018 | complete            | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Rep. Ireland                        | 100–250                   | <1         | 2013-2018 | expert              | +  |                            | 2013-2018 | expert              | +                                       |                            | 1991-2018 | expert              |   |
| Italy                               | 30000–60000               | 2          | 2013-2018 | expert              | 0  |                            | 2000-2014 | partial             | 0                                       |                            | 1993-2018 | expert              |   |
| Kosovo                              | 60–80                     | <1         | 2007-2019 | partial             | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 | partial             | 0                                       |                            | 1990-2018 | partial             |   |
| Latvia                              | 4000                      | <1         | 2013-2018 | partial             | ?  |                            | 2007-2018 | deficient           | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Lithuania                           | 15000–30000               | <1         | 2013-2018 | expert              | -  | -5 to 0                    | 2013-2018 | expert              | 0                                       | 0                          | 1980-2018 | expert              |   |
| Luxembourg                          | 200–250                   | <1         | 2013-2018 | partial             | 0  | 0 to 10                    | 2007-2018 | complete            | +                                       | 0 to 20                    | 1980-2018 | expert              |   |
| North Macedonia                     | 2000–5000                 | <1         | 2014-2019 | expert              | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 | expert              | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2019 |                     |   |
| Malta                               | 9–12                      | <1         | 2017-2018 | complete            | +  |                            | 2008-2018 | complete            | 0                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | complete            |   |
| Moldova                             | 15000–20000               | <1         | 2014-2017 | partial             | +  |                            | 2007-2018 | partial             | 0                                       |                            | 1990-2018 | expert              |   |
| Montenegro                          | 160–800                   | <1         | 2002-2012 | expert              | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 | expert              | ?                                       |                            |           |                     |   |
| Netherlands                         | 140000–240000             | 7          | 2013-2015 | complete            | +  | 6 to 22                    | 2006-2017 | complete            | +                                       | 7 to 42                    | 1984-2017 | complete            |   |
| Norway                              | 1600–2400                 | <1         | 2013-2018 | expert              | ?  |                            | 2013-2018 | deficient           | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | partial             |   |
| Poland                              | 104000–169000             | 5          | 2013-2018 | complete            | 0  | -25 to 31                  | 2007-2018 | complete            | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |

*Acrocephalus scirpaceus* (Common Reed-warbler)

**Table 1.** Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe<sup>1</sup>.

| Country (or territory) <sup>2</sup> | Population estimate       |            |           |                     | Short-term population trend <sup>5</sup> |                            |           |                     | Long-term population trend <sup>5</sup> |                            |           |                     | Subspecific population (where relevant) |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------|---------------------|---|
|                                     | Size (pairs) <sup>3</sup> | Europe (%) | Year(s)   | Method <sup>4</sup> | Direction <sup>6</sup>                   | Magnitude (%) <sup>7</sup> | Year(s)   | Method <sup>4</sup> | Direction <sup>6</sup>                  | Magnitude (%) <sup>7</sup> | Year(s)   | Method <sup>4</sup> |   |
| Portugal                            | 1000–5000                 | <1         | 2013-2018 | partial             | ?  |                            | 2007-2018 | deficient           | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Romania                             | 134000–226000             | 7          | 2013-2015 | complete            | ?  | -28 to 12                  | 2008-2018 | complete            | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Russia                              | 100000–160000             | 5          | 2008-2018 | partial             | ?  |                            | 2008-2018 | deficient           | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Serbia                              | 13000–21000               | <1         | 2013-2018 | partial             | 0  | 0                          | 2007-2018 | complete            | 0                                       | 0                          | 1980-2018 | complete            |   |
| Slovakia                            | 10000–20000               | <1         | 2013-2018 | partial             | 0  |                            | 2007-2018 | partial             | 0                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | partial             |   |
| Slovenia                            | 200–300                   | <1         | 2002-2017 | complete            | ?  |                            | 2008-2018 | deficient           | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | deficient           |   |
| Spain                               | 341000–666000             | 19         | 2004-2018 | partial             | 0  |                            | 1998-2018 | complete            | 0                                       |                            | 1980-2018 | complete            |   |
| Sweden                              | 177000–255000             | 8          | 2013-2018 | partial             | -  | -39 to -12                 | 2007-2018 | partial             | -                                       | -59 to -43                 | 1980-2018 | partial             |   |
| Switzerland                         | 9000–11000                | <1         | 2013–2016 | partial             | 0  | -18 to 3                   | 2007-2018 | complete            | 0                                       | -14 to 0                   | 1990-2018 | complete            |   |
| Turkey                              | 60000–100000              | 3          | 2002-2012 | expert              | ?  |                            | 2008-2019 | deficient           | ?                                       |                            | 1980-2013 | deficient           |   |
| Ukraine                             | 150000–250000             | 8          | 2015-2017 | partial             | F  | 10 to 20                   | 2007-2019 | expert              | F                                       | 10 to 25                   | 1980-2019 | expert              |   |
| United Kingdom                      | 101000–155000             | 5          | 2016      | partial             | 0  |                            | 2004-2016 | complete            | +                                       |                            | 1980-2016 | complete            |   |
| EU28                                | 1550000–2650000           | 80         |           |                     |  |                            |           |                     |   |                            |           |                     |   |
| <b>Europe</b>                       | <b>1940000–3320000</b>    | <b>100</b> |           |                     |  |                            |           |                     |   |                            |           |                     |   |

<sup>1</sup> See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at <http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report>.

<sup>2</sup> The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

<sup>3</sup> In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.

<sup>4</sup> The 'method used' (replacing the data 'quality' assessment in the 2015 European Red List) is reported as: a) Complete: complete survey or a statistically robust estimate; b) Partial: based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data; c) Expert: based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data; d) Defficient: insufficient or no data available.

<sup>5</sup> The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.

<sup>6</sup> Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).

<sup>7</sup> Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

## Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

### KEY

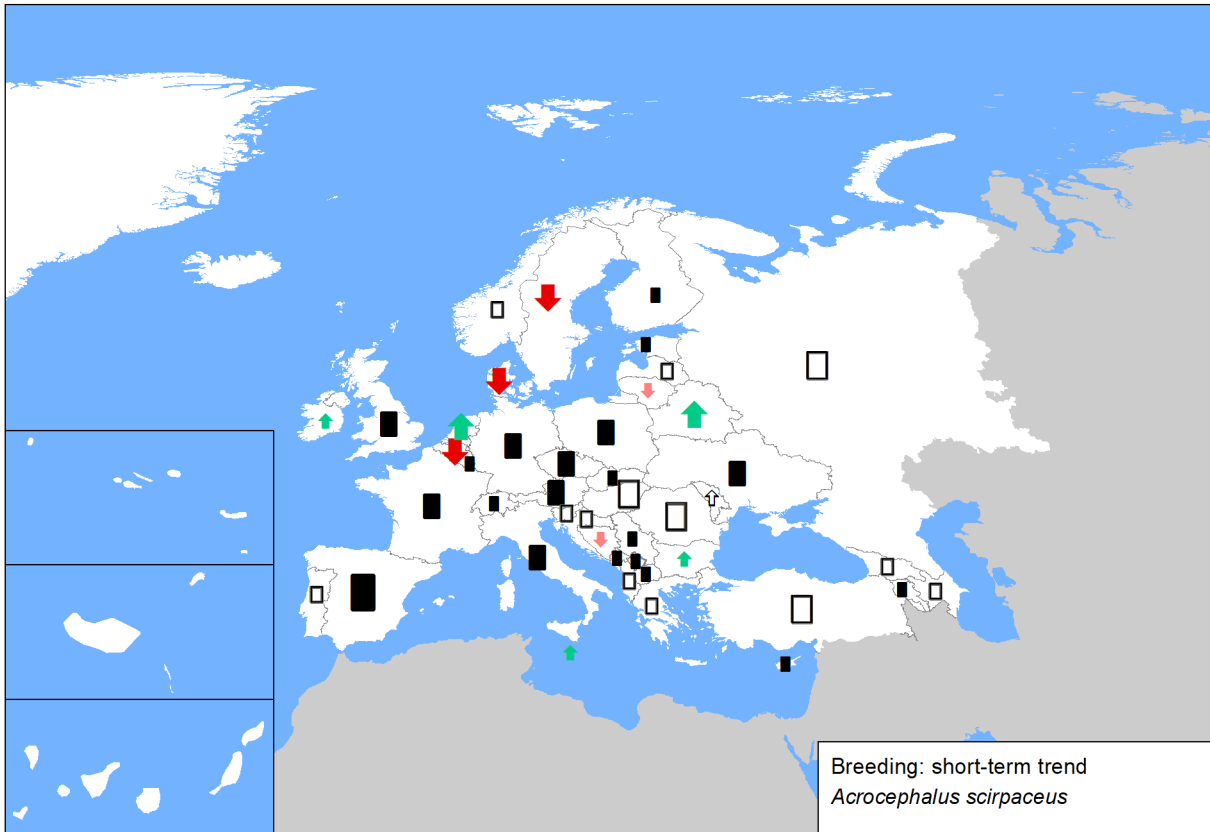
- |   |                                 |
|---|---------------------------------|
| ↑ Large increase (≥50%)                 | ↓ Large decrease (≥50%)         |
| ↑ Moderate increase (20–49%)            | ↓ Moderate decrease (20–49%)    |
| ↑ Small increase (<20%)                 | ↓ Small decrease (<20%)         |
| ↑ Increase of unknown magnitude         | ↓ Decrease of unknown magnitude |
| ■ Stable or fluctuating                 |                                 |
| □ Unknown                               |                                 |
| ○ Present (no population or trend data) |                                 |
| × Extinct since 1980                    |                                 |

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

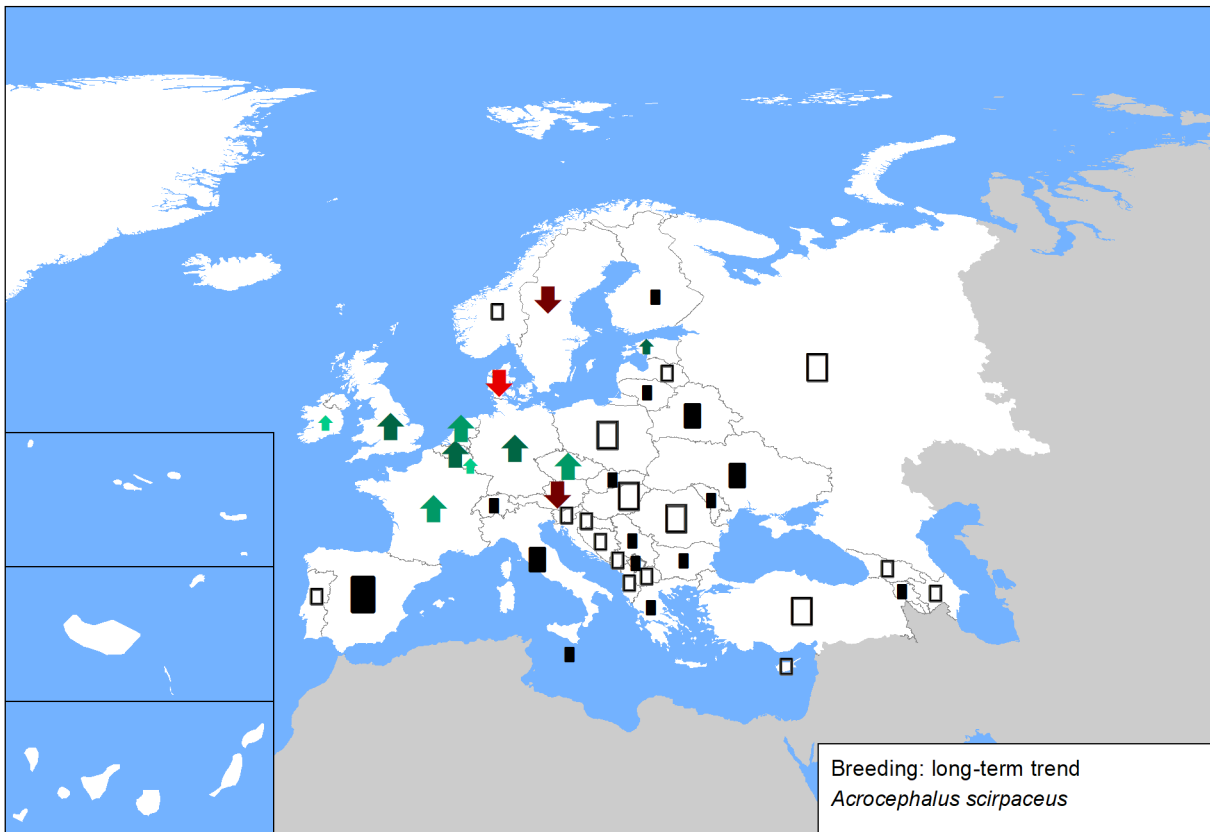
- ↑ Large: ≥10% of the European population
- ↑ Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- ↑ Small: <1% of the European population

The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

**Figure 1.** Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.



**Figure 2.** Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



*Acrocephalus scirpaceus* (Common Reed-warbler)

## Sources

### Albania

|   |
|---|
| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Bino & Xeka 2020 in EBBA 2 |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Bino & Xeka pers. obs.    |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Bino pers. obs.            |

### Armenia

|  |
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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> TSE NGO National Bird Monitoring data.                                  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> TSE (2020) The Atlas of the Breeding Birds in Armenia. In preparation. |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> TSE (2020) The Atlas of the Breeding Birds in Armenia. In preparation.  |

### Austria

|   |
|---|
| <b>Breeding population size:</b> BirdLife Austria, unpublished data from www.ornitho.at; BirdLife Austria, unpublished archive data, Dvorak & Nemeth (2014) |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> M. Dvorak et al., unpublished data from Lake Neusiedl   |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> BirdLife Austria, unpublished data from www.ornitho.at; BirdLife Austria, unpublished archive data, Dvorak & Nemeth (2014) |

### Azerbaijan

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> BirdLife International 2004 |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> AOS data base              |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> AOS Data Base               |

### Belarus

|  |
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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Research work of the National Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Belarus "Dynamics and predictive assessment of changes in the state of populations of the main resource and biocenotically most important bird species in Belarus" |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Nikiforov M.E., Kozulin A.V., eds. Belarussian birds at the beginning of XXI century: status, numbers, distribution. - 1997. - Minsk. - 187 p.  |

### Belgium

|   |
|---|
| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Vermeersch G. et al. (2018, in press). Broedvogels in Vlaanderen in de periode 2013-2018. Rapporten van het Instituut voor Natuur- en Bosonderzoek (INBO), Brussel. / Paquet, J-Y., Anselin, A., Vermeersch, G., Derouaux, A., Devos, K. (2019, in prep.). Contribution of Belgium to EBCC European Breeding Bird Atlas 2. Internal Report.  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Vermeersch G. et al. (2018, in press). Broedvogels in Vlaanderen in de periode 2013-2018. Rapporten van het Instituut voor Natuur- en Bosonderzoek (INBO), Brussel. / Paquet, J-Y., Anselin, A., Vermeersch, G., Derouaux, A., Devos, K. (2019, in prep.). Contribution of Belgium to EBCC European Breeding Bird Atlas 2. Internal Report. |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Vermeersch G. et al. (2018, in press). Broedvogels in Vlaanderen in de periode 2013-2018. Rapporten van het Instituut voor Natuur- en Bosonderzoek (INBO), Brussel. / Paquet, J-Y., Anselin, A., Vermeersch, G., Derouaux, A., Devos, K. (2019, in prep.). Contribution of Belgium to EBCC European Breeding Bird Atlas 2. Internal Report.  |

### Bosnia and Herzegovina

|  |
|--|
| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Based on data for EBBA2   |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> more individual articles e.g published in magazine Bilten mreže posmatrača ptica u Bosni i Hercegovini-see <a href="https://ptice.ba/bs/category/bilteni_/">https://ptice.ba/bs/category/bilteni_/</a> , individual reports (e.g. for EBBA2, projects etc) |

### Bulgaria

|   |
|---|
| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Vasilev, V., Georgiev, D., Dereliev, S., Delov, V., Zehtindjiev, P., Ilieva, M. 2007. <i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i> . In: Iankov, P. (Ed.) Atlas of breeding birds in Bulgaria. Bulgarian Society for the Protection of Birds Conservation series, Book 10, BSPB, Sofia; National Art. 12 reporting database 2013-2018; Nankinov, D. et al. Breeding totals of the ornithofauna in Bulgaria. Green Balkans, Plovdiv, 2004.  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Vasilev, V., Georgiev, D., Dereliev, S., Delov, V., Zehtindjiev, P., Ilieva, M. 2007. <i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i> . In: Iankov, P. (Ed.) Atlas of breeding birds in Bulgaria. Bulgarian Society for the Protection of Birds Conservation series, Book 10, BSPB, Sofia; National Art. 12 reporting database 2013-2018; Nankinov, D. et al. Breeding totals of the ornithofauna in Bulgaria. Green Balkans, Plovdiv, 2004. |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Vasilev, V., Georgiev, D., Dereliev, S., Delov, V., Zehtindjiev, P., Ilieva, M. 2007. <i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i> . In: Iankov, P. (Ed.) Atlas of breeding birds in Bulgaria. Bulgarian Society for the Protection of Birds Conservation series, Book 10, BSPB, Sofia; Nankinov, D. et al. Breeding totals of the ornithofauna in Bulgaria. Green Balkans, Plovdiv, 2004.   |

### Croatia

|   |
|---|
| <b>Breeding population size:</b> BirdLife International 2015: European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Office for Official Publications of the European Communities.). <a href="http://datazone.birdlife.org/info/euroredlist">http://datazone.birdlife.org/info/euroredlist</a> |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> no data available   |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> no data available  |

### Cyprus

|   |
|---|
| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Birds in Europe II (2004), BirdLife International; Analysis of recent BirdLife Cyprus bird sightings records reported in the society's annual reports; Whaley DJ & Dawes JC, 2003 Cyprus Breeding Birds' Atlas; Monthly waterbird counts by BirdLife Cyprus as published in BirdLife Cyprus monthly checklists |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Analysis of recent BirdLife Cyprus bird sightings records reported in the society's annual reports  |

## *Acrocephalus scirpaceus* (Common Reed-warbler)

### Cyprus

**Breeding long-term trend:** Analysis of recent BirdLife Cyprus bird sightings records reported in the society's annual reports; Whaley DJ & Dawes JC, 2003 Cyprus Breeding Birds' Atlas; Flint & Stewart BOU Checklist no.6 (1992) The Birds of Cyprus; Monthly waterbird counts by BirdLife Cyprus and Game & Fauna Service, as published in BirdLife Cyprus monthly checklists and also by the Game & Fauna Service

### Czechia

**Breeding population size:** Šťastný et Bejček in prep. - Atlas hnízdního rozšíření ptáků ČR 2014-2017

**Breeding short-term trend:** ČSO (unpubl.): Common Bird Monitoring Programme

**Breeding long-term trend:** ČSO (unpubl.): Common Bird Monitoring Programme

### Denmark

**Breeding population size:** Charlotte M. Moshøj, Daniel Palm Eskildsen, Michael Fink Jørgensen & Thomas Vikstrøm, (2018): Overvågning af de almindelige fuglearter i Danmark 1975-2017 & Mandrup, E. 1997, Hvor mange fugle yngler i Danmark, Dansk Ornitologisk Tidsskrift, nr 3, 1997

**Breeding short-term trend:** Charlotte M. Moshøj, Daniel Palm Eskildsen, Michael Fink Jørgensen & Thomas Vikstrøm, (2018): Overvågning af de almindelige fuglearter i Danmark 1975-2017

**Breeding long-term trend:** Charlotte M. Moshøj, Daniel Palm Eskildsen, Michael Fink Jørgensen & Thomas Vikstrøm, (2018): Overvågning af de almindelige fuglearter i Danmark 1975-2017

### Estonia

**Breeding population size:** Estonian Working Group on Bird Status and Numbers

**Breeding short-term trend:** [1] Estonian Working Group on Bird Status and Numbers [2] Migrating passerines monitoring in Pulgoja bird station. <http://kabli.nigula.ee/index.php/et/pulgoja?view=species&station=pulgoja&spid=277>

**Breeding long-term trend:** [1] Estonian Working Group on Bird Status and Numbers [2] Migrating passerines monitoring in Pulgoja bird station. <http://kabli.nigula.ee/index.php/et/pulgoja?view=species&station=pulgoja&spid=277>

### Finland

**Breeding population size:** Lehtinen, A., Below, A., Jukarainen, A., Laaksonen, T., Lehtinen, T., Mikkola-Roos, M., Pessa, J., Rajasärkkä, A., Rusanen, P., Sirkiä, P., Tiainen, J. & Valkama, J. 2019: Suomen lintujen pesimäkantojen koot. – Linnut-vuosikirja 2018: 38-45.

**Breeding short-term trend:** Väisänen, R. A., Lehtinen, A. & Sirkiä, P. 2018: Suomen pesivän maalinuston kannanvaihtelut 1975-2017. Linnut-vuosikirja 2017: 16-31.

**Breeding long-term trend:** Väisänen, R. A., Lehtinen, A. & Sirkiä, P. 2018: Suomen pesivän maalinuston kannanvaihtelut 1975-2017. Linnut-vuosikirja 2017: 16-31.

### France

**Breeding population size:** Issa N. & Muller Y. 2015. Atlas des oiseaux nicheurs de France métropolitaine. LPO/SEOF/MNHN/Delachaux et Niestlé, Paris

**Breeding short-term trend:** . STOC EPS / MNHN.

### Georgia

**Breeding population size:** EBBA Georgia, prepared by Sabuko-Society for nature conservation, Iliia state university, NGO "psovi".

### Germany

**Breeding population size:** Monitoring häufiger Brutvögel ([http://www.dda-web.de/index.php?cat=monitoring&subcat=ha\\_neu&subsubcat=kontakt](http://www.dda-web.de/index.php?cat=monitoring&subcat=ha_neu&subsubcat=kontakt))

**Breeding short-term trend:** Monitoring häufiger Brutvögel ([http://www.dda-web.de/index.php?cat=monitoring&subcat=ha\\_neu&subsubcat=kontakt](http://www.dda-web.de/index.php?cat=monitoring&subcat=ha_neu&subsubcat=kontakt))

**Breeding long-term trend:** Gerlach et al. (in Vorb.): Vögel in Deutschland – 2019. Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten, Bundesamt für Naturschutz und Länderarbeitsgemeinschaft der Vogelschutzwarten, Münster.

### Greece

**Breeding population size:** (1) Hellenic Common Birds Monitoring Scheme database (2007-2019), Hellenic Ornithological Society, (2) BirdLife International (2017). European birds of conservation concern: populations, trends and national responsibilities. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. ISBN 978-1-912086-00-9, (3) D. Portolou & V. Kati (2017). "Abundance and distribution of selected species – SEBI 01". In: Kati V (Ed) "Greece-the state of environment 2015-2016: Nature and biodiversity. National report". National Center of Environment and Sustainable Development, Athens, pp 3-20 – 3-36 [In Greek]. Available at: <http://ekpaa.ypeka.gr/index.php/soer-2018> (4) Natura Viewer (<http://natura2000.eea.europa.eu/#>).

**Breeding short-term trend:** No data

**Breeding long-term trend:** 1) Handrinos, G., & Akriotis, T., (1997) The birds of Greece. C. Helm, A & C Black, London. 2) BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: Population estimates, trends and conservation status. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12). 3) Natura Viewer (<http://natura2000.eea.europa.eu/#>).

### Hungary

**Breeding population size:** National common bird monitoring scheme (MMM) database.

**Breeding short-term trend:** National common bird monitoring scheme (MMM) database.

**Breeding long-term trend:** National common bird monitoring scheme (MMM) database.

### Republic of Ireland

**Breeding population size:** Best expert opinion - Olivia Crowe reporting on behalf of the Irish Rare Breeding Birds Panel.

**Breeding short-term trend:** Best expert opinion - Olivia Crowe reporting on behalf of the Irish Rare Breeding Birds Panel

**Breeding long-term trend:** Best expert opinion - Olivia Crowe reporting on behalf of the Irish Rare Breeding Birds Panel. Pers. Comm. - R. Coombes, Birdwatch Ireland.

## *Acrocephalus scirpaceus* (Common Reed-warbler)

### Italy

|   |
|---|
| <b>Breeding population size:</b> BirdLife International 2004. Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International. BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12 Brichetti P & Fracasso G. 2010. Ornitologia italiana. Vol.6 (Sylviidae-Paradoxorn) |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Extrapolated data by the average annual trend, from: Rete Rurale Nazionale & LIPU (2015). Uccelli comuni in Italia. Aggiornamento degli andamenti di popolazione e del FBI per la Rete Rurale Nazionale dal 2000 al 2014. LIPU, 16 pp.                          |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Brichetti P., Meschini E., 1993. Stima delle popolazioni di uccelli nidificanti. In Meschini E., Frugis S., 1993. Atlante degli uccelli nidificanti in Italia. Suppl. Ric. Biol. Selvaggina, 20, 1-345.  |

### Kosovo

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Qenan Maxhuni  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Qenan Maxhuni   |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Puzovic, S. et al. (2004): Birds of Serbia and Montenegro – Size of nesting populations. I trends: 1990-2002. Ciconia 12 |

### Latvia

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Unpublished data for European Breeding Bird Atlas (2013-2017); Expert: Andris Dekants, andris.dekants@lob.lv |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> No data available.  |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> No data available.   |

### Lithuania

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Expert working group of the Lithuanian Ornithological Society (lod@birdlife.lt) 2015-2018. Lietuvos perinčių paukščių atlaso duomenų bazė (Lithuanian Breeding Birds Atlas Database). Vilnius. Ministry of Environment of the Republic of Lithuania. 2012. Status and trends of bird populations (Article 12, Birds Directive 2009/147/EC) National Summary 2008-2012 Lithuania.  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Expert working group of the Lithuanian Ornithological Society (lod@birdlife.lt) 2015-2018. Lietuvos perinčių paukščių atlaso duomenų bazė (Lithuanian Breeding Birds Atlas Database). Vilnius. Ministry of Environment of the Republic of Lithuania. 2012. Status and trends of bird populations (Article 12, Birds Directive 2009/147/EC) National Summary 2008-2012 Lithuania.   |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> BirdLife International/European Bird Census Council. 2000. European bird populations: estimates and trends. Cambridge, UK: BirdLife International (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 10). Jusys, V., Karalius, S., Raudonikis, L. 2012. Lietuvos paukščių pažinimo vadovas. Kaunas: „Lututė“, 288 p. Kurlavičius, P. (ed.) 2006. Lietuvos perinčių paukščių atlasas. Kaunas: „Lututė“, 256 p. Expert working group of the Lithuanian Ornithological Society (lod@birdlife.lt) Expert working group of the Lithuanian Ornithological Society (lod@birdlife.lt) 2015-2018. Lietuvos perinčių paukščių atlaso duomenų bazė (Lithuanian Breeding Birds Atlas Database). Vilnius. Ministry of Environment of the Republic of Lithuania. 2012. Status and trends of bird populations (Article 12, Birds Directive 2009/147/EC) National Summary 2008-2012 Lithuania. |

### Luxembourg

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Ornitho.lu (2018): online database natur&ëmwelt asbl & Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten (DDA) e.V.; Luxembourg Recorder (2018): database Musée national d'histoire naturelle; Luxembourg Lorgé P., E. Melchior (2016): Die Vögel Luxemburgs. Natur&ëmwelt Luxembourg. ISBN: 978-2-919920-01-3; Ringing Data Centrale ornithologique Luxembourg   |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Ornitho.lu (2018): online database natur&ëmwelt asbl & Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten (DDA) e.V.; Luxembourg Recorder (2018): database Musée national d'histoire naturelle; Luxembourg Lorgé P., E. Melchior (2016): Die Vögel Luxemburgs. Natur&ëmwelt Luxembourg. ISBN: 978-2-919920-01-3; Ringing Data Centrale ornithologique Luxembourg; Ringing Data Centrale ornithologique Luxembourg   |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Ornitho.lu (2018): online database natur&ëmwelt asbl & Dachverband Deutscher Avifaunisten (DDA) e.V.; Luxembourg Recorder (2018): database Musée national d'histoire naturelle; Luxembourg Lorgé P., E. Melchior (2016): Die Vögel Luxemburgs. Natur&ëmwelt Luxembourg. ISBN: 978-2-919920-01-3; Melchior E., E. Mentgen, R. Peltzer, R. Schmitt, J. Weiss (1987): Atlas der Brutvögel Luxemburgs. Lëtzebuerger Natur- a Vulleschutzliga. Kremer-Muller & Cie, Foetz, Luxembourg |

### North Macedonia

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> unpublished data from the European Breeding Bird Atlas 2  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> unpublished data from the European Breeding Bird Atlas 2 |

### Malta

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> 'Malta Breeding Bird Atlas 2018' in preparation, (included a complete breeding bird population census in Malta together with a wintering bird census in 2017-2018)  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Malta Breeding Bird Atlas (2018) in preparation, (included a complete breeding bird population census in Malta together with a wintering bird census in 2017-2018) Sultana, J., Borg, J.J., Gauci, C. & Falzon, V. (2011): The Breeding Birds of Malta. Malta: BirdLife Malta & BDL Publishing. Raine, A., Sultana, J. & Gillings, S. (2009) Malta Breeding Bird Atlas 2008, Malta: BirdLife Malta.  |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Malta Breeding Bird Atlas (2018) in preparation, (included a complete breeding bird population census in Malta together with a wintering bird census in 2017-2018) Sultana, J., Borg, J.J., Gauci, C. & Falzon, V. (2011): The Breeding Birds of Malta. Malta: BirdLife Malta & BDL Publishing. Raine, A., Sultana, J. & Gillings, S. (2009) Malta Breeding Bird Atlas 2008, Malta: BirdLife Malta. BirdLife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status. BirdLife International (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 12), Cambridge, UK. Tucker, G.M. & Heath, M.F. (1994) Birds in Europe: their conservation status. BirdLife International (BirdLife Conservation Series No. 3), Cambridge, UK. |

### Moldova

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Moldova's contribution for the second European Breeding Bird Atlas (EBBA2) |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> SPPN expert opinion (sppn.moldova@gmail.com)                              |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> SPPN expert opinion (sppn.moldova@gmail.com)                               |

### Montenegro

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Puzovic, S., Simic, D., Saveljić, D., Gergelj, J., Tucakov, M., Stojnic, N., Hulo, I., Ham, I., Vizi, O., Sciban, M., Ruzic, M., Vucanovic, M., Jovanovic, T. (2004): Birds of Serbia and Montenegro – Size of nesting populations. I trends: 1990-2002. Ciconia 12, |
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## *Acrocephalus scirpaceus* (Common Reed-warbler)

### Netherlands

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Sovon Bird atlas (Sovon 2018)     |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> NEM (Sovon, RWS, CBS, provinces) |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> NEM (Sovon, RWS, CBS, provinces)  |

### Norway

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Shimmings P. & Øien, I.J. 2015. Bestandsestimater og trender for norske hekkefugler. NOF-rapport 2015-2. |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Shimmings, P. & Øien, I.J. 2015. Bestandsestimater for norske hekkefugler. NOF Rapport 2-2015. 268 pp.   |

### Poland

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> State Environmental Monitoring / Chief Inspectorate of Environmental Protection (survey: MPPL – Common Bird Survey)  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> State Environmental Monitoring / Chief Inspectorate of Environmental Protection (survey: MPPL)                      |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Chief Inspectorate of Environmental Protection & Polish Society for the Protection of Birds (OTOP) / BirdLife Poland |

### Portugal

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> eBird (2019). eBird: An online database of bird distribution and abundance [web application]. eBird, Ithaca, New York. Available: <a href="http://www.ebird.org/portugal/home">http://www.ebird.org/portugal/home</a> . (Accessed: October 22, 2018). |
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### Romania

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Romanian Common Bird Monitoring Programme, Breeding Waterbird Monitoring Programme, Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Romanian Common Bird Monitoring Programme, Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database   |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Ornitodata (Romanian Ornithological Society) Database, OpenBirdMaps (Milvus Group) Database, Rombird (Romanian Rarity Commission) Database                                      |

### Russia

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Voltzit & Kalyakin 2013-2019; Database of the project on Atlas of breeding birds of European Russia |
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### Serbia

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> EBBA2 project; Puzović, S., Radišić, D., Ružić, M., Rajković, D., Radaković, M., Pantović, U., Janković, M., Stojnić, N., Šćiban, M., Tucakov, M., Gergelj, J., Sekulić, G., Agošton, A. & Raković, M. 2015. Birds of Serbia: Breeding Population Estimates and Trends for the Period 2008-2013. Bird protection and study society of Serbia, and Department of Biology and Ecology, Faculty of Sciences, University of Novi Sad, Novi Sad. |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Puzović, S., Radišić, D., Ružić, M., Rajković, D., Radaković, M., Pantović, U., Janković, M., Stojnić, N., Šćiban, M., Tucakov, M., Gergelj, J., Sekulić, G., Agošton, A. & Raković, M. 2015. Birds of Serbia: Breeding Population Estimates and Trends for the Period 2008-2013. Bird protection and study society of Serbia, and Department of Biology and Ecology, Faculty of Sciences, University of Novi Sad, Novi Sad.               |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Puzović, S., Radišić, D., Ružić, M., Rajković, D., Radaković, M., Pantović, U., Janković, M., Stojnić, N., Šćiban, M., Tucakov, M., Gergelj, J., Sekulić, G., Agošton, A. & Raković, M. 2015. Birds of Serbia: Breeding Population Estimates and Trends for the Period 2008-2013. Bird protection and study society of Serbia, and Department of Biology and Ecology, Faculty of Sciences, University of Novi Sad, Novi Sad.                |

### Slovakia

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Coordinatory group for reporting 2019. Danko Štefan, Darolová Alžbeta, Krištín Anton: Rozšírenie vtákov na Slovensku. VEDA, vyd. SAV Bratislava, 2002.  |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Coordinatory group for reporting 2019, AVES-Symfony Database 2013-2018, KIMS Database 2013-2018. Danko Štefan, Darolová Alžbeta, Krištín Anton: Rozšírenie vtákov na Slovensku. VEDA, vyd. SAV Bratislava, 2002. |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> Coordinatory group for reporting 2019, AVES-Symfony Database 2013-2018, KIMS Database 2013-2018. Danko Štefan, Darolová Alžbeta, Krištín Anton: Rozšírenie vtákov na Slovensku. VEDA, vyd. SAV Bratislava, 2002.  |

### Slovenia

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> MIHELICH T., KMECL P., DENAC K., KOCE U., VREZEC A., DENAC D. (eds.) (2019): Atlas ptic Slovenije. Popis gnezdičk 2002–2017. – DOPPS, Ljubljana. |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> There are no sources for this information.  |
| <b>Breeding long-term trend:</b> There are no sources for this information.   |

### Spain

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| <b>Breeding population size:</b> Carrascal, L.M. & Palomino, D. (2008). Las aves comunes reproductoras en España. Población en 2004-2006. SEO/BirdLife. Madrid. 202 pp. ( <a href="https://www.miteco.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/19_paseriformes_2004_2006_tcm30-208258.pdf">https://www.miteco.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/19_paseriformes_2004_2006_tcm30-208258.pdf</a> ) Información proporcionada por las Comunidades Autónomas.   |
| <b>Breeding short-term trend:</b> Database of the 'Atlas de las aves reproductoras de España'. Updated version 2011 with data from SEO/BirdLife's monitoring programmes. In: Inventario Español de Especies Terrestres, Inventario Español del Patrimonio Natural y de la Biodiversidad. Ministerio de Agricultura, Alimentación y Medio Ambiente (2013). ( <a href="https://www.miteco.gob.es/fr/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/inventario-especies-terrestres/ieet_aves_sist_seg_tendencia_comunes_esp.aspx">https://www.miteco.gob.es/fr/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/inventario-especies-terrestres/ieet_aves_sist_seg_tendencia_comunes_esp.aspx</a> ) Información proporcionada por las Comunidades Autónomas. SEO/BirdLife (2019). Programas de seguimiento y grupos de trabajo de SEO/BirdLife 2018. SEO/BirdLife. Madrid. ( <a href="https://doi.org/10.31170/0073">https://doi.org/10.31170/0073</a> ) |

## *Acrocephalus scirpaceus* (Common Reed-warbler)

### Spain

**Breeding long-term trend:** Carrascal, L.M. & Palomino, D. (2008). Las aves comunes reproductoras en España. Población en 2004-2006. SEO/BirdLife. Madrid. 202 pp. ([https://www.miteco.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/19\\_paseriformes\\_2004\\_2006\\_tcm30-208258.pdf](https://www.miteco.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/19_paseriformes_2004_2006_tcm30-208258.pdf)) Información proporcionada por las Comunidades Autónomas. Martí, R. & del Moral, J.C. (Eds.) (2003). Atlas de las Aves Reproductoras de España. Dirección General de Conservación de la Naturaleza- Sociedad Española de Ornitología. Madrid, 733 pp. ([https://www.miteco.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/inventario-especies-terrestres/inventario-nacional-de-biodiversidad/ieet\\_aves\\_atlas.aspx](https://www.miteco.gob.es/es/biodiversidad/temas/inventarios-nacionales/inventario-especies-terrestres/inventario-nacional-de-biodiversidad/ieet_aves_atlas.aspx)) Purroy, F.J. (Coord.) (1997). Atlas de las aves de España (1975-1995). SEO/BidLife. Lynx Edicions. Barcelona. 583 pp. SEO/BirdLife (2019). Programas de seguimiento y grupos de trabajo de SEO/BirdLife 2018. SEO/BirdLife. Madrid. (<https://doi.org/10.31170/0073>)

### Sweden

**Breeding population size:** Ottosson, U., Ottvall, R., Elmberg, J., Green, M., Gustafsson, R., Haas, F., Holmqvist, N., Lindström, Å., Nilsson, L., Svensson, M., Svensson, S. & Tjernberg, M. 2012. Fåglarna i Sverige – antal och förekomst. SOF, Halmstad. Swedish Bird Survey. BirdLife Sverige, Annual Bird reports.

**Breeding short-term trend:** Svensk fågeltaxering - Swedish Bird Survey

**Breeding long-term trend:** Svensk fågeltaxering - Swedish Bird Survey

### Switzerland

**Breeding population size:** Knaus, P., S. Antoniazza, S. Wechsler, J. Guélat, M. Kéry, N. Strelbel & T. Sattler (2018): Swiss Breeding Bird Atlas 2013–2016. Distribution and population trends of birds in Switzerland and Liechtenstein. Swiss Ornithological Institute, Sempach.

**Breeding short-term trend:** <https://www.vogelwarte.ch/en/projects/population-trends/breeding-population-indices/>

**Breeding long-term trend:** <https://www.vogelwarte.ch/en/projects/population-trends/breeding-population-indices/>

### Turkey

**Breeding population size:** Güven Eken personal communication, Eken G., Bozdoğan M., İsfendiyoğlu S., Kılıç D.T., Lise Y. (2006) Türkiye'nin Önemli Doğa Alanları. Doğa Derneği, Ankara. Birdlife International (2004) Birds in Europe: population estimates, trends and conservation status, Cambridge UK: Birdlife International (Birdlife Conservation series no: 12) Kusbank Bird Database (Ebird) Kirwan G.M., Boyla K. A., Castell P., Demirci B., Özen M., Welch H., Marlow T., 2008, Birds of Turkey. Londra, Christopher Helm, 978-1-4081-0475-

### Ukraine

**Breeding population size:** Atlas work, non-published data

### United Kingdom

**Breeding population size:** Baseline = Newson, S.E., Evans, K.L., Noble, D.G., Greenwood, J.J.D. & Gaston, K.J. 2008. Use of distance sampling to improve estimates of national population sizes for common and widespread breeding birds in the UK. Journal of Applied Ecology 45: 1330-1338. Extrapolation from 2006 using Breeding Bird Survey monitoring trend. Irish Rare Breeding Birds Panel for Northern Ireland.

**Breeding short-term trend:** BTO/JNCC/RSPB Breeding Bird Survey data: Harris, S.J., Massimino, D., Gillings, S., Eaton, M.A., Noble, D.G., Balmer, D.E., Procter, D., PearceHiggins, J.W. & Woodcock, P. 2018. The Breeding Bird Survey 2017. BTO Research Report 706 British Trust for Ornithology, Thetford. <https://www.bto.org/sites/default/files/bbs-report-2017.pdf>

**Breeding long-term trend:** Joint Common Bird Census/Breeding Bird Survey smoothed trend index. Woodward, I.D., Massimino, D., Hammond, M.J., Harris, S.J., Leech, D.I., Noble, D.G., Walker, R.H., Barimore, C., Dadam, D., Eglington, S.M., Marchant, J.H., Sullivan, M.J.P., Baillie, S.R. & Robinson, R.A. (2018) BirdTrends 2018: trends in numbers, breeding success and survival for UK breeding birds. Research Report 708. BTO, Thetford. [www.bto.org/birdtrends](http://www.bto.org/birdtrends)

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