Acrocephalus palustris (Marsh Warbler)

European Red List of Birds

Supplementary Material

The European Union (EU28) Red List assessments were based principally on the official data reported by EU Member States to the European Commission under Article 12 of the Birds Directive in 2019-20. For the European Red List assessments, similar data were sourced from BirdLife Partners and other collaborating experts in other European countries and territories. For more information, see BirdLife International (2021).

Contents

Recommended citation

BirdLife International (2021) European Red List of Birds. Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union.

Further information

http://datazone.birdlife.org/info/euroredlist
http://www.birdlife.org/europe-and-central-asia/european-red-list-birds-0
http://www.iucnredlist.org/regions/europe
http://ec.europa.eu/environment/nature/conservation/species/redlist/

Data requests and feedback

To request access to these data in electronic format, provide new information, correct any errors or provide feedback, please email science@birdlife.org.

Table 1. Reported national breeding population size and trends in Europe[1].

Country (or territory)[2]	Population estimate				Short-term population trend[5]				Long-term population trend[5]				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs)[3]	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Method[4]	Direction[6]	Magnitude (%)[7]	Year(s)	Method[4]	Direction[6]	Magnitude (%)[7]	Year(s)	Method[4]	
Albania	17–48	<1	2007-2018	partial	0	0	2007-2018	partial	?		1980-2018	expert	
Armenia	11000–16600	<1	2013-2018	complete	0		2007-2018		0		2003-2018	partial	
Austria	25000–35000	<1	2013-2018	complete	0		2007-2018	complete	?		1981-2018	deficient	
Azerbaijan	1000–10000	<1	1996-2019	expert	?		2013-2019	expert	?		1980-2019	expert	
Belarus	240000–300000	4	2010-2018	partial	+	10 to 40	2012-2019	expert	0	0	1980-2019	expert	
Belgium	17100–35700	<1	2013-2018	expert	?	-52 to 61	2008-2018	complete	+	30 to 170	1973-2018	partial	
Bosnia & HG	2000–3000	<1	2015-2018	complete	?	-10 to 10	2007-2018	complete	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Bulgaria	10000–26000	<1	2005-2018	partial	+	10 to 20	2001-2018	partial	0	0 to 10	1980-2018	expert	
Croatia	25000	<1	2014-2014	expert	?		2007-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Czechia	80000–160000	2	2014-2017	partial	-		2007-2018	complete	-		1982-2018	complete	
Denmark	29600–29700	<1	2017	partial	-	-44 to -9	2006-2017	complete	0	-15 to 14	1980-2017	complete	
Estonia	100000–180000	2	2013-2017	expert	-	-42 to -35	2007-2018	expert	0	-38 to 26	1983-2018	expert	
Finland	3300–26400	<1	2013-2018	complete	-	-92 to -46	2007-2018	complete	0	-65 to 51	1984-2018	complete	
France	10000–20000	<1	2009-2018	partial	-		2007-2018	partial	-		2001-2018	partial	
Georgia	3000–30500	<1	2013-2017	partial	?			deficient	?				
Germany	290000–420000	5	2016-2016	complete	-	-35 to -22	2004-2016	complete	-		1980-2016	expert	
Greece	200–2000	<1	2015	partial	0		2007-2018	partial	0		1980-2018	partial	
Hungary	113000–152000	2	2014-2018	complete	?	-16 to 84	2007-2018	complete	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Italy	10000–30000	<1	2013-2018	expert	-	-30 to -20	2000-2014	partial	0		1993-2018	expert	
Kosovo	1500–2500	<1	2007-2019	partial	+		2007-2018	partial	F		1990-2018	partial	
Latvia	91300–191000	2	2016-2016	complete	-	-41 to 0	2006-2018	complete	+	3 to 262	1995-2018	complete	
Lithuania	150000–300000	3	2013-2018	expert	0	0	2013-2018	expert	+		1980-2018	expert	
Luxembourg	800–1200	<1	2013-2018	partial	0	0 to 10	2007-2018	partial	-	-20 to -10	1980-2018	expert	
North Macedonia	250–1000	<1	2014-2019	expert	0		2007-2018	expert	?		1980-2019		
Moldova	3000–3500	<1	2014-2017	partial	0		2007-2018	partial	0		1990-2018	expert	
Montenegro	50–100	<1	2002-2012	expert	0		2007-2018	expert	?				
Netherlands	60000–100000	1	2013-2015	complete	0	-4 to 12	2006-2017	complete	-	-27 to -2	1984-2017	complete	
Norway	1000–2000	<1	2013-2018	partial	?		2013-2018	deficient	+	0 to 5	1980-2018	expert	
Poland	831000–1050000	13	2013-2018	complete	-	-22 to -2	2007-2018	complete	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Romania	733000–1140000	13	2013-2015	complete	+	6 to 14	2008-2018	complete	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Russia	2800000–3850000	47	2008-2018	partial	?		2008-2018	deficient	?		1980-2018	expert	
Serbia	21000–34500	<1	2013-2018	partial	0	0	2007-2018	complete	0	0	1980-2018	complete	

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Country (or territory)[2]	Population estimate				Short-term population trend[5]				Long-term population trend[5]				Subspecific population (where relevant)
	Size (pairs)[3]	Europe (%)	Year(s)	Method[4]	Direction[6]	Magnitude (%)[7]	Year(s)	Method[4]	Direction[6]	Magnitude (%)[7]	Year(s)	Method[4]	
Slovakia	40000–50000	<1	2013-2018	partial	0		2007-2018	partial	0		1980-2018	partial	
Slovenia	6700–10000	<1	2018-2018	partial	-	-45 to -40	2008-2018	complete	?		1980-2018	deficient	
Sweden	16000–32000	<1	2013-2018	partial	0	-30 to 11	2007-2018	partial	0	-7 to 57	1980-2018	partial	
Switzerland	3000–6000	<1	2013–2016	partial	0	-16 to 25	2007-2018	complete	0	-10 to 27	1990-2018	complete	
Turkey	8000–20000	<1	2002-2012	deficient	?		2008-2019	deficient	?		1980-2013	deficient	
Ukraine	120000–200000	2	2015-2017	partial	F	5 to 10	2007-2019	expert	F	15 to 20	1980-2019	expert	
United Kingdom	7	<1	2012-2016	complete	-		2001-2016	complete	-		1978-2016	complete	
EU28	2640000–4020000	46											
Europe	**5850000–8490000**	**100**											

[1] See 'Sources' at end of factsheet, and for more details on individual EU Member State reports, see the Article 12 reporting portal at http://bd.eionet.europa.eu/article12/report.
[2] The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.
[3] In the few cases where population size estimates were reported in units other than those specified, they were converted to the correct units using standard correction factors.
[4] The 'method used' (replacing the data 'quality' assessment in the 2015 European Red List) is reported as: a) Complete: complete survey or a statistically robust estimate; b) Partial: based mainly on extrapolation from a limited amount of data; c) Expert: based mainly on expert opinion with very limited data; d) Defficient: insufficient or no data available.
[5] The robustness of regional trends to the effects of any missing or incomplete data was tested using plausible scenarios, based on other sources of information, including any other reported information, recent national Red Lists, scientific literature, other publications and consultation with relevant experts.
[6] Trend directions are reported as: increasing (+); decreasing (-); stable (0); fluctuating (F); or unknown (?).
[7] Trend magnitudes are rounded to the nearest integer.

Trend maps

A symbol appears in each country where the species occurs: the shape and colour of the symbol represent the population trend in that country, and the size of the symbol corresponds to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

KEY

- Large increase (≥50%)
- Moderate increase (20–49%)
- Small increase (<20%)
- Increase of unknown magnitude
- Large decrease (≥50%)
- Moderate decrease (20–49%)
- Small decrease (<20%)
- Decrease of unknown magnitude
- Stable or fluctuating
- Unknown
- Present (no population or trend data)
- Extinct since 1980

Each symbol, with the exception of Present and Extinct, may occur in up to three different size classes, corresponding to the proportion of the European population occurring in that country.

- Large: ≥10% of the European population
- Medium: 1–9% of the European population
- Small: <1% of the European population

The designation of geographical entities and the presentation of the material do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of IUCN or BirdLife International concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area, or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

Figure 1. Breeding population sizes and short-term trends across Europe.

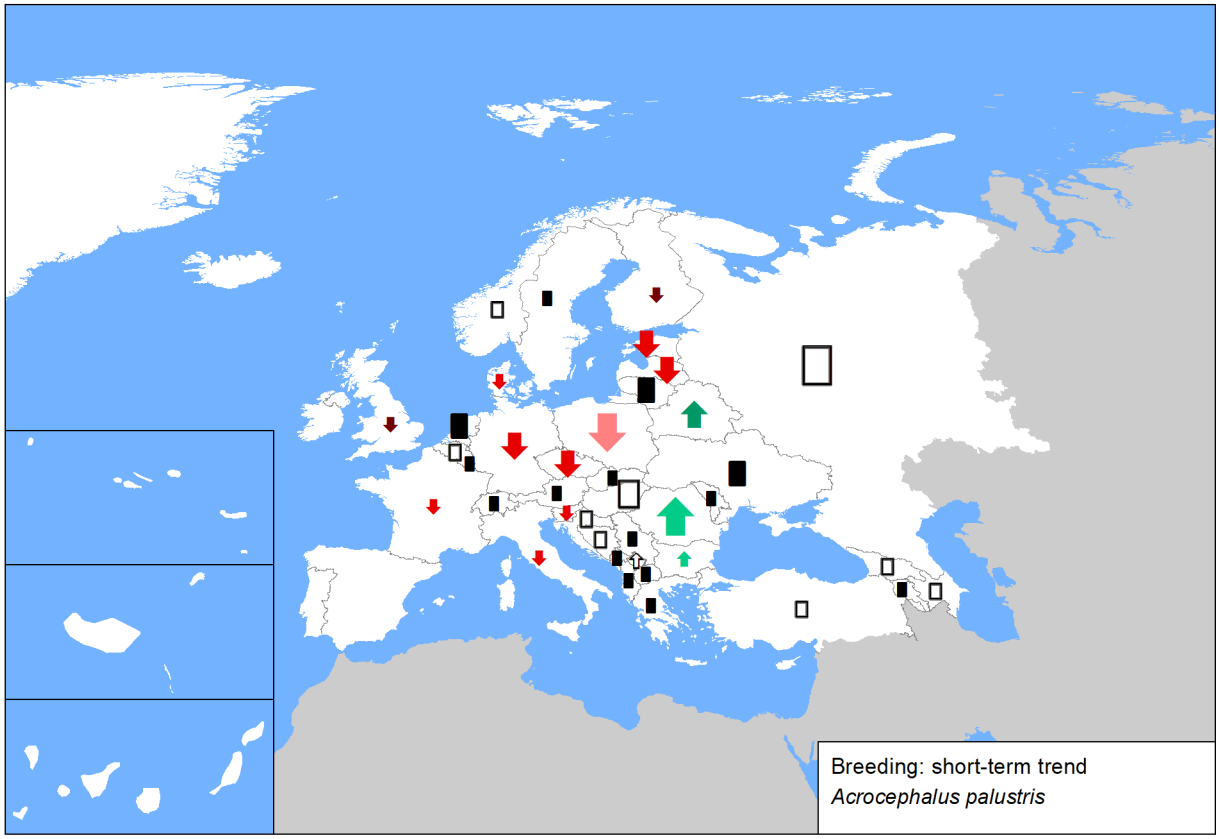
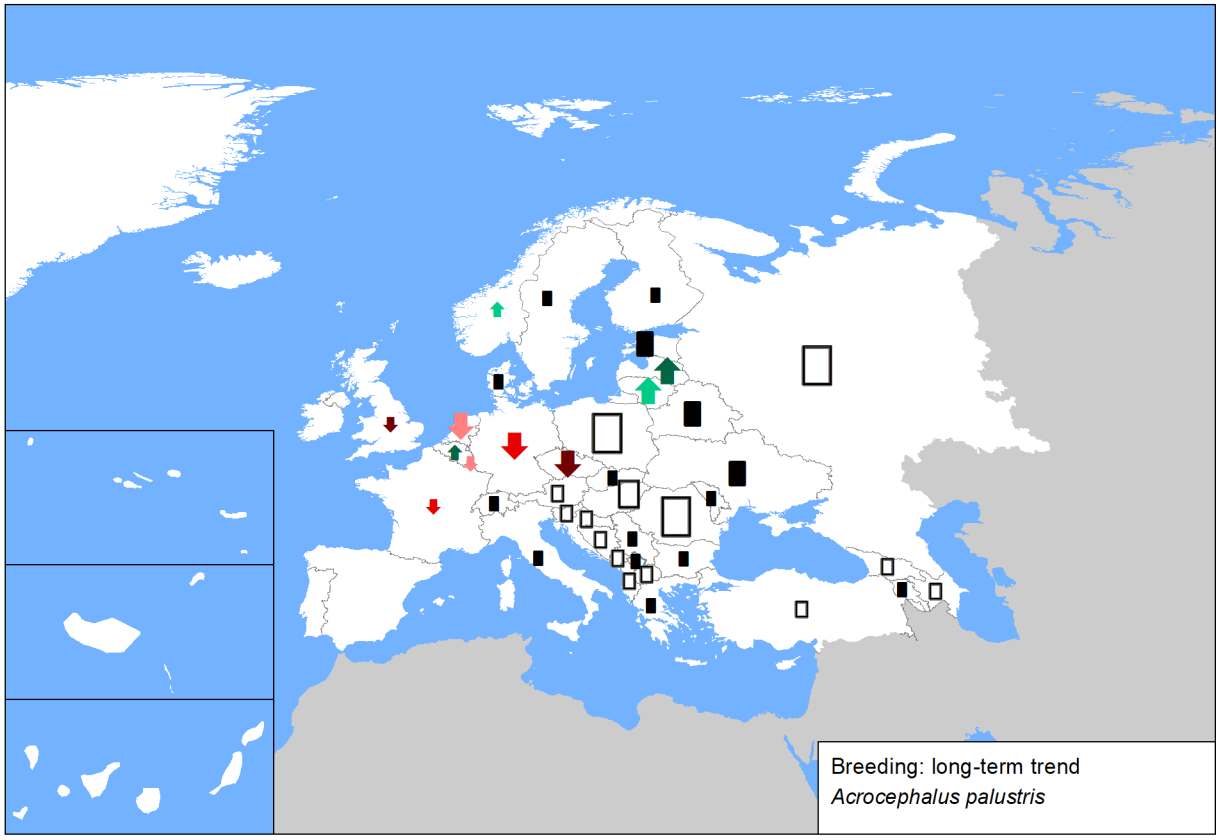


Figure 2. Breeding population sizes and long-term trends across Europe.



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Belarus

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Poland

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Breeding short-term trend: State Environmental Monitoring / Chief Inspectorate of Environmental Protection (survey: MPPL)

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Romania

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Russia

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Serbia

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Breeding population size: Population size for year 2018 was calculated based on the population estimate in previous reporting under the Birds Directive (DOPPS 2014) for the period 2008-2012, which was 10000-15000 pairs, and population trend for farmland landscape in Slovenia for the period 2008-2018 from Kmecl & Šumrada (2018), which was moderate decline (annual multiplicative trend value 0,934). Population estimate was rounded upwards. DOPPS (2014): Povzetek poročila po 12. členu Direktive o pticah za obdobje 2008-2012. Naročnik: Zavod RS za varstvo narave. DOPPS, Ljubljana. http://ptice.si/2014/wp-content/uploads/2016/10/2016_25_10_porocilo_pd_2008_2012-povzetek.pdf Kmecl P., Šumrada T. (2018): Monitoring splošno razširjenih vrst ptic za določitev slovenskega indeksa ptic kmetijske krajine - končno poročilo za leto 2018. DOPPS, Ljubljana.

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Breeding short-term trend: Svensk fågeltaxering - Swedish Bird Survey

Breeding long-term trend: Svensk fågeltaxering - Swedish Bird Survey

Switzerland

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Turkey

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Ukraine

Breeding population size: Atlas work, non-published data

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